PALMETTO STANDARD.

Devoted to General and Local Intelligence, and to the Political, Agricultural and Educational Interests of the State.

TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM. Payable in Advance.

CHESTER, S. C., THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1853. NUMBER 18.

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... its effects are visible ... Society being at the same time a motor and the index of civilization in all its phases, it is not difficult to appreciate the effects of its medium of ... But this is a question too broad for ... discussion.

It is rumored that the crown of D'Orsay will fall on the brow of a representative of Yankeedom. Willis was long an heir apparent, but we have now other and higher hopes for him—a worthy place in our American literature,—and that rumor vanishes into air, apparently. Now the *on dit* is about to enthrone Mr. Charles Astor Bristed, a grandson of his *dime immortalized* middle name; and since, from his own statement, Mr. Charles Astor Bristed pays $100 annually for gloves, and cannot get fitted at that, we presume he must be the "*handy man*" at last; and in anticipation of his Louis-Napoleonizing things, at once we will secure favor by shouting "Vive le Roi *des gants*!" Vive Mr. Charles Astor Bristed forever! There may be a "Bourbon among us" yet, the failure of Messrs. Hanson, Parsons & Co. to the contrary notwithstanding. Who knows! J. W. D.

Selected Tale.

THE LILLY OF L——.

BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

Never shall I forget the last New Year's Eve I passed in the village of D——. Even at this day, the strange and terrible event, which has impressed indelibly upon my soul the memory of that night, haunts my imagination in the dark mid-winter hours and not unfrequently disturbs my dreams. I have often thought it singular, that it is only at the close of the year, in the dull and dreamy December, that these recollections force themselves upon me with a degree of force. It must be something in the association of the season with the incident. Whatever it may be, it is that something which impels me at this moment to look back with memory fresh and strong to that fearful night, and relate its story.

It was the night of the thirty-first of December. There was to be a grand ball at B——, a village, eleven miles from D——, youth and pleasure gloating to dance at the funeral of the old year, and to welcome with hilarious mirth the birth of the new.

A considerable party of young people in L——, early made preparations to attend this ball. I was one of a company of six gentlemen, as boys advanced in their teens like to be called, who chartered a large sleigh to be drawn by four splendid black horses, and to be driven by the celebrated ... F——, (so well known to L——, and who may be still living there,) whose services we considered ourselves fortunate in having secured.

It was just seven o'clock in the evening, when F——, having faithfully picked up our party in different parts of the village, we set out from L——. The air was bitter cold; the glowing constellations twinkled with unsurpassed brilliancy in the clear, frosty sky, the crisp crackled and shrieked beneath the hoofs of the horses and the runners of the sleigh; and the chime of the bells filled the air.

We were a merry party; and on setting out every heart beat high in joyful unison with the chime of the bells. Well provided with straw and "buffaloes," we defied the cold, and only laughed the louder when we felt the frost spirit tingling in our fingers and toes, and maliciously attacking our faces.

Having been disappointed in not being able to obtain for a companion the young queen of my heart, who had cruelly engaged herself for another scene of pleasure, although she knew I expected her to go with me to the ball. I was the bachelor of the company; all my companions being provided with partners. To conceal the aching void in my heart, I assumed an exceeding gaiety, and declared myself happy in my liberty, since it afforded me an opportunity to try my skill in driving four in hand. F—— accommodated me with the reins, and I used them so as to command his approbation and at the same time to excite emulation in the hearts of one or two of my companions.

When I was too cold to enjoy driving any longer I crept into the body of the sleigh in the midst of the buffaloes and straw which enveloped the party; and William G—— proposed to take my place.

"No, do not, William," I heard his partner say in a beseeching voice.

This was Lizzie Lora, who will not blush now to see her name written in full. With the exception of my perfidious Mary, I looked upon Lizzie as the most charming girl in our village. She was then sixteen, tall and slender and graceful; in short, the most perfect lily I ever beheld. My Mary was a rose. Had I preferred lillies to roses, I might have preferred Lizzie to Mary. As it was I thought her without an equal in beauty and grace, with one exception.

William was Lizzie's beau. They were quite devoted to each other, and quarrelled often enough for their friends to suppose there was a great deal of jealous love on both sides. They had some sort of misunderstanding that evening. William had been somewhat too attentive to some other fair one; and Lizzie's feelings had been hurt.

It might have been as much spite as emulation of my driving which prompted William to volunteer to take the reins.

As I said before, Lizzie begged him not to change his seat. He was by her side of course.

"Why not?" he asked.

"Oh!" said Lizzie, "I am so cold! But go if you like," she added in a trembling voice.

I suppose William was ashamed then to yield.

"Are you cold?" he asked, somewhat earnestly. But he added quickly in a gay tone, alluding to myself—

"Well Fred, Will keep you warm! He understands it! Ha! ha! do your duty, Fred!"

And William took his seat with the driver; I set down by Lizzie's side.

Too gallant to allow William's suggestions to pass without taking advantage of it. I let my arm gently glide around the Lilly. She as gently repulsed me; and heaving a sigh, I took care of my unruly arm. I was sorry I had not put it where it belonged at first. Lizzie was nevertheless inclined to flirt.

I tried to talk with her without meeting with much encouragement towards sociability; and I was not at all sorry when William finally returned to take his seat.

I heard him whisper to Lizzie; but she answered him very briefly. I thought she must be very angry with him to be so silent.

"Are you cold now," he asked.

"Not now."

"Why don't you talk then?"

"I don't feel like talking," answered Lizzie in a low tone.

"You are angry with me?"

"I am not angry; William!"

"Displeased?"

Lizzie made no reply.

"Well, if you are," said William between his teeth, "I can't help it. It is impossible for me to please you always. You are continually getting angry with me about trifles. When you get over it just let me know."

I always thought William was a little cruel. He turned to Jane H——, and began to converse with her in the gayest tone he could command. Still Lizzie said nothing. She only sighed.

Once more I endeavored to draw her into conversation; but she scarcely answered me. Observing my object, William put his face to hers, and said with a slight laugh—

"Are you pleased yet?"

She made no reply; but seated herself in a more comfortable position in the bottom of the sleigh.

"Let her pout," laughed William. "I am used to it. She'll get over it soonest if you leave her alone."

I must confess I was partly of his opinion; and thinking I had done all duty demanded, resolved to follow his advice. I did not speak to the Lilly again. She sat motionless and silent on the bottom of the sleigh.

Meanwhile all was gayety around her; William worse than ever.

"But is it not strange that he could not resist. William's laugh was loudest. I joined in the general mirth. In our merriment we sung in full chorus, the silvery voices of the girls, and the clear rich tones of their partner's ringing out with the joyously jingling bells upon the cold air beneath the twinkling stars!

And our four black horses pranced gaily; and still the snow shrieked and craskled beneath the runner's hoofs; and as we flew onward dark fences seemed jagged lines traced upon the white ground.

Still Lizzie, in the midst of all this mirth, sat motionless and silent on the bottom of the sleigh.

Thus we arrived at D——; F—— drove up to the hotel, where the ball was to be, in grand style wheeling the four blacks into a beautiful circle, and bringing the sleigh within half an inch of the steps. Just at that time our merry voices were pouring forth the stirring tones of the "Canadian boatman's song," which to my ear had never sounded so beautiful, and grand, and full of soul-stirring melody as on that winter night. I do not like to hear it now. Ever since it brings that scene vividly before me, and fills my soul with sadness! Oh! memory! how dost thou by one link, drag up from the dark gulf of the past the endless chain of joys and sorrows, forged in the fiery furnace of youth! Its clanking falls heavily upon my heart, like the solemn sounds of Sabbath bells!

Our song ceased with the chime of sleigh bells! Our merriment had protected us against the cold, and it was no great matter to overcome the numb sensation which sitting long in one position had produced; and we rose upon our feet. Youths leaped to the steps, and with playful complaints of being frozen, the girls, with their assistance did the same, with one exception. Lizzie sat still.

"Lizzie," said William.

There was no reply.

"She is asleep!" said one of the girls gaily.

"I'll risk that in the noise we made!" exclaimed another.

"She is making believe!" said William peevishly. "She is only waiting for me to get out of the way. Well, I'll humor her. Fred, be so good as to escort her in when she is ready!"

And William to show himself independent—I have always supposed—walked proudly into the hotel.

"Come Lizzie!" exclaimed Ellen V——, impatiently, "we are waiting for you."

"She is actually asleep!" said I. "She would not act so, I am sure, if she was not. Take hold of her."

Ellen shook her companion's shoulder. The Lilly drooped the more. Ellen pushed aside the thick veil, and endeavored to raise her head.

"She won't wake up!" she exclaimed half frightened.

"There is something wrong," muttered F——, who had given the reins to the ostler;

"I am afraid!" said Ellen, starting back. "I—I—think she has fainted!"

F—— bounded into the sleigh. I saw him tear the thick glove from his hand, and lay his palm on Lizzie's face. A suppressed exclamation escaped his lips; no more; and lifting the Lilly in his arms as if she had been an infant, he bore her hastily into the hotel.

A vague terror had come over me. I believe I feared the worst. Uncertainty made horror more horrible. I heard F—— call for help the moment he entered the hall, and being wholly beside myself with fear, I rushed into the public parlor. I met William G—— near the door.

"There is something the matter with Lizzie," I articulated.

Either my words or my manners conveyed a fearful meaning to William's heart. Laughter died on his lips. Mirth faded from his countenance. He became deathly pale.

"With Lizzie!" he gasped.

Making a strong effort to appear selfpossessed in the presence of the crowd which pressed around me, I said—"I think she is dying!"

A cry of consternation quivered on every lip. Only William was silent. No direction was needed to lead him to the Lilly. Already a crowd pressed around her indicating the spot where she lay in the arms of those who were endeavoring to restore sensation. It was too late!

I heard a murmur fall from the ashy lips of Jane H——, who had penetrated the throng, and obtained a view of her companion.

"Frozen to death!"

Dizzy and faint I turned away. For a moment I seemed staggering under a horrid dream. The walls reeled around me. Ghastly faces and spectral forms floated before my vision in a mist.

My perfect consciousness was restored by seeing a pale figure approach, with wild gestures of despair. It was William! His face was haggard; I never saw a countenance so full of grief unutterable. He wrung his hands and muttered—

"Lizzie! Lizzie!"

That was all. I took him by the hand. I endeavored to say something—I hardly know what—something to lessen his grief—but he pushed me from him with a desperate gesture, and falling heavily upon a chair with his hands clasped fiercely to his brow, groaned aloud.

How deeply was the terror of that night stamped into my young and inexperienced heart! How vividly the scene flashes now upon my soul! Once more I seem to gaze on the pale face of the Lilly as she lay in the cold embrace of death, still beautiful in the magnificence of her ball room dress!

Oh! the vain and hollow heart of youth! Not even the fate of one so young and fair could check the mad pulse of mirth, or impress a serious thought upon the gay beings who had met to celebrate the death of another year! The music pealed forth its joyous tones; the dance went on; the ball-room resounded with gayety; and in another chamber lay the corpse of the beautiful and young; and there we, her grief-stricken friends, poured forth our lamentations over the untimely dead!

William has now a fair young bride, and he is happy; but I ween the solemn anthems or more winter winds—the golden constellations which glow in those winter skies—even the chime of bells and the measures of the dance often call up to his soul remembrances of the fair Lilly of L——, and of that fearful New Year's Eve—as they do this saddened heart of mine!

A county editor is "giving boots" to a rival town and among other saucy things, says that "it takes several of their pigs to pull a blade of grass; and they are so poor that the foremost seizes the spear in his mouth, the balance having taken each other by the tail, when they all give a pull a strong pull and pull altogether, and if it breaks, the whole tumble to the ground for want of sufficient strength to support them. It takes three to four to make a shadow."

Selected Poetry.

On the Death of Hon. W. R. King.

The statesman sleeps, and Alabama mourns!*
A country's anguish comes to meet her grief,
And sorrowing tears spring from the nation's heart,
To swell the tide of woe that flows along
The flowery vales where he has sunk to rest;
'Tis not with drum and fife this sorrow speaks;
No martial music mingles with the sigh
That gushes from the overflowing soul;
But in the softer, purer, holier strains,
Of deep affection, won by peaceful deeds.
His State and country breathe their silent grief!
With him, serene alike were life and death;
Calmly he moved along his bright career,
And gently stepped, lest he should rudely break
Some tie of friendship or some chord of love,
Or wound the cherished rights of other men.
Thus he entwined himself around the heart,
And gained the highest friendship of the world,
A friendship which illumed the path of life,
And lighted e'en the pathway to the grave!
His virtues won him all of private love;
His greatness earned him all of public praise;
Nor fell disease could bear him in its grasp,
And hide him in the dark and dreamless tomb,
Until his country, by her mighty voice,
Had made his memory and his name her own!
No clime, to him, was like that well-loved land
To which he owed his honors and his birth;
His spirit chose no spot from which to soar
Away from earth, to brighter realms above,
Save its own cherished, dear and native home,
Where it had learned the lessons of the free;
Where life had dawned, and hopes had clustered round,
And youth and manhood every honor found,
When led afar, by friendship's genial smile,
To find a refuge in a foreign clime,
And there elude the threaten'd grasp of death.
His feet, reluctant, left his native shore!
And lingered long, while o'er the sea he sailed,
His eye, upon the country, that he loved!
And to that country from the distant shore,
He fondly gazed, with all that made life dear;
His present, past, and future, all were there!
Nor could the kindness of the stranger's heart,
Nor ceaseless words of sympathising friends,
Becalm the restless spirit, as it stood,
Far off, upon the crumbling verge of time,
Where swiftly ran the wasting sands of life,
And dimly burned the fast-expiring lamp,
Unwilling there, upon the stranger's soil,
To take its flight to the eternal world!
Waft me, ye winds! the dying statesman cried—
Oh! swiftly waft me to my native land!
There am I loved! there, only, let me die!
The patriot's prayer was heard: the winds obeyed,
And gently bore him o'er the rolling deep.
Once more his footstep pressed his native sod!
Once more his eyes beheld his native land!
Sweet tones of welcome fell upon his ear,
While fragrant zephyrs fanned his fevered brow!
His spirit then serenely took its flight,
And left its tenement of clay to sleep
Beside that stream, whose name is "Here we Rest."

P. E. B.

* The Indian meaning of Alabama. The burial place of Col. King is on the Alabama river.

Select Miscellany.

PLUTARCH PICTURES.

WILLIAM C. PRESTON.

Standing before one of the fire places you see a tall man apparently about fifty years of age. His person is enveloped in an old plaid cloak, but you see at a glance from the animation of his face, and the graceful motion of his arms, that he is a man of mark, and he is surrounded by several gentlemen, who are listening to his remarks with profound attention. Suddenly, he throws his cloak aside, and advances. The first tones of his voice fall upon your ear like the "sweet south." "I rise to advocate the motion of my friend, General Hayne. The giant of the west woos the bride of the south—give him the bride!" Who is he that opens his discourse like an emperor? It is William C. Preston, and he is advocating the incorporation of the Charleston and Cincinnati railroad company. This was subsequent to the meeting of the celebrated nullifying convention—of which he was not a member—but his speech was one of the most superb specimens of oratory that ever fell from mortal lips. When he described the prosperity of England under the influence of her incorporations, and compared them to the sails of a ship rising tier above tier, as she marched along the "mountain wave," he rose to his full height, and throwing his hands above his head, advanced a step, as if to perfect the picture. The effect was electrical; you saw the image, and recognized the power of the Orator.

This gentleman was one of the most gifted of the heroic band of nullifiers, and subsequently became one of the most distinguished statesmen of the country, electrifying the Senate, and all ranks and classes of men, with that matchless oratory, which in its effects was like one of those tremendous tropical storms, which sweep away every thing before them. He spoke like a man inspired! towering above the conflict of debate, and bathing in sun-bright excellence of his own glorious intellect. His speeches during the nullification controversy, eclipsed everything since the time of Patrick Henry, "the forest-born Demosthenes, who shook the Phillip of the seas." His first speech in the Senate of the United States was highly complimented by his opponents, particularly by Forsyth, who said that he could well believe the blood of Henry flowed in the veins of the eloquent Carolinian. And such indeed, is the fact, for Preston's mother was a near relative of the great Virginian. But it was not to his oratory alone that Preston was indebted for reputation, for he was a distinguished lawyer, a brilliant wit, and a superb conversationalist: indeed, we once heard Senator Butler say that the most brilliant things he ever heard from any man in conversation, were uttered by Preston. This is great praise, when we reflect that Butler has long mingled familiarly with the most celebrated men of the country, and is himself inferior to no man in the Union, as an eloquent speaker, and fascinating conversationalist.

In fact, William Claiborne Preston was the most eloquent man, that America has produced since the revolution. No orator in the country could stand before him for a single instant. He towered above the argument, and the audience, in those splendid harangues that stirred up your blood until you were ready, like the Athenians of old, to take up arms and march against the Macedonian!—O, how great, how noble, how sublime, were the orations of Preston! Jefferson said, that Patrick Henry spake as Homer wrote, but Preston was the *God of Homer*—the Jupiter who,

"Shook his ambrosial curls, and gave the nod,
The stamp of Fate, and sanction of the God;"

and as he carried you away in a perfect storm of oratory, enchanting your very soul by the fascinating fervor and picturesque elegance of his eloquence, you exclaimed with Hamlet—"What a piece of work is man! How noble in reason! how infinite in faculties! in form and moving, how express and admirable! in action, how like an angel! in apprehension, how like a God! the beauty of the world! the paragon of animals!"—*Mobile Tribune.*

ARE YOU KIND TO HER?

Are you kind to her? Think for a moment how she has left everything for you. A home of which she was the idol—hearts that thought not they could love too much. Smooth her way with smiles, for many trials are before her. It is true that woman lives in the affections. Sweet loving words make her heart leap with the purest joy. She can bear all things if he whom she has chosen strews sunlight and flowers around her path in the shape of kindly expressions, and gentle smiles. The proudest woman that lives, craves these, and her heart feeds upon them even if it be in a silent, secret communion.

Are you kind to her? She is your mother! Look in her care-worn face. Those wrinkles have been planted there since you were born. Those eyes have faded watching over you; the cheek has been worn hollow by the tears your waywardness has caused. Once how bright and lovely was her face; but she has given up her beauty, woman's rare bequeathment, for you. Aye, and health, ease, comfort, life itself, would she sacrifice for your good, angle that she is! And are you kind to her? If not, well do you deserve to have the 'eagles pick out your eyes.' Ingratitude, coldness, neglect—these to a faithful mother! A monster with stony heart and murderous hands must he be, who would thus requite the love that an angel cannot feel. 'Are you kind to her?'

HEROISM AND CRUELTY.

A most touching instance of heroism, and one of the most atrocious acts of cruelty, the truth of which is vouched for by the most respectable authority, occurred during the Columbian struggle for Independence. The Spanish General Morillo, the most bloodthirsty and treacherous tool of the Spanish King, who was created Count of Carthagenia, and Marquis de la Puerta, for services which rather entitled him to the distinction of butcher or hangman, while seated in his tent one day during the campaign of Carracass, saw a boy before him drowned in tears. The chief demanded of him for what purpose he was there.

The child replied that he had come to beg the life of his father, then a prisoner in Morillo's camp.

'What can you do to save your father?' asked the General.

'I can do but little, but what I can shall be done.'

Morillo seized the little fellow's ear, and said, 'Would you suffer your ear to be taken off to procure your father's liberty?'

'I certainly would,' was the undaunted reply.

A soldier was accordingly called and ordered to cut off the ear with a single stroke of the knife. The boy wept, but did not resist while this barbarous order was executed.

'Would you lose your other ear rather than fail of your purpose?' was the next question.

'I have suffered much, but for my father I can suffer still!' was the heroic answer of the boy.

The other ear was taken off piecemeal without flinching on the part of the noble child.

'And now go!' exclaimed Morillo, untouched by his sublime courage; 'the father of such a son must die!'

In the presence of his agonized and manly suffering son, the patriot father was then executed. Never did a life-picture exhibit such truthful lights and shades in natural character, such deep treacherous villainy—such lofty, enthusiastic heroism.

NEW METHOD OF MAKING MIRRORS.—The editor of the [illegible] Advocate has been shown by Rev. L. L. Hill, the inventor of "Hillotyping," a method of silvering glass, which he considers of great [illegible]

"Mr. Hill took a small glass, such as Daguerreans use for covering their pictures, and in forty seconds it was transformed into a perfect mirror—perfect in every respect. We kept an eye upon it the whole time; the process was fully explained, and the result cannot be excelled. Out of some three hundred experiments which Mr. Hill has made, he has never failed in making a perfect mirror."

THE LIGHTNING—A FEW HINTS.

It may be well to encourage timid people who are religiously or constitutionally alarmed at lightning, to state the doctrine of chances. As a general thing, the lightning does not strike within the space of a square mile, more than once a year. If the person is a rod distant, he is seldom if ever killed. Now there are 70,400 square rods in a square mile, and if the lightning struck rod after rod, it would take 190 years to go over it; but it smites here and there, and that it will smite any special rod, there is not more than one chance to a hundred billion.

Again, other things being equal, the chance diminishes as it regards a low object, as the difference between the square [illegible] height, and that of a tower; so that with a person six feet, and a tree sixty feet, there is but one chance out of 3,564 of the person's being struck. If he will go close to a tree, or in a house without a rod, his danger is proportionally increased.

Again, objects non conductors when dry, become good conductors when wet. A dry silk umbrella, if not [illegible] with metallic substances, will ward off the lightning; but if wet, not. Get lightning rods for your houses and see to it that the fastenings [illegible] the earth, and fear not the [illegible]

It is well for persons who are [illegible] Well, live right here, and it will be well with you there—if it must be so.

THE WORD "SELAH."—The translators of the Bible have left the Hebrew word Selah, which occurs so often in the Psalms, as they found it, and of course the English reader often asks his minister, or some learned friend, what it means. And the minister or learned friend, has most often been obliged to confess ignorance, because it is a matter in regard to which the most learned have by no means been of one mind. The Targums and most of the Jewish commentators give the word the meaning *eternally, for ever*. Rabbi Kimchi regards it as a sign to elevate the voice. The authors of the Septuagint translation appear to have regarded it as a musical sign, equivalent perhaps to the word *repeat*. According to Luther and others it means *silence!* Gesenius explains it to mean, "Let the instruments play, and the singers stop." Wocheim regards it as equivalent to *sursum corda*, up my soul! Sommer, after examining all the seventy-four passages in which the word occurs, recognizes in every case, "an actual appeal or summons to Jehovah." They are calls for aid and prayers to be heard, expressed either with entire directness, or if not in the imperative, "Hear, Jehovah! or, awake, Jehovah!" and the like, still earnest addresses to God that he would remember and hear, &c. The word itself he regards as indicating a blast of trumpets by the priests. Selah itself, he thinks an abridged expression, used for Higgaion Selah, Higgaion indicating the sound of the stringed instruments, and Selah a vigorous blast of trumpets.—*Bibliotheca Sacra.*

FANNY FERN'S BEST THING.—We think Fanny Fern never wrote a better pair of paragraphs than the following from the Olive Branch:

"Look on this picture, and then on that." 'Father is coming!' and little round faces grow long, and merry voices are hushed, and toys are hustled into the closet, and mamma glances nervously at the door, and baby is bribed with a lump of sugar to keep the peace; and father's business face relaxes not a muscle; and the little group huddled like timid sheep in a corner, and tea is despatched as silently as if speaking were prohibited by the statute book, and the children creep like culprits to bed marvelling that baby dare crow so loud, now that 'Father has come.'

"Father is coming!" and the bright eyes sparkle for joy, and tiny feet dance with glee, and eager faces press against the window-pane, and a bevy of rosy lips claim kisses at the door, and picture-books lie unheeded on the table, and tops and balls, and dolls and kites are discussed; and [illegible]

[illegible]

THE PALMETTO STANDARD.

OLD AUNT SUE.

AN INCIDENT OF SLAVERY IN YORKVILLE.

The following letter, published in the N. Y. Observer, is from the pen of Rev. John L. Wilson, a native of this State and a Missionary to Africa. He was formerly a gen[illegible] of large property, but gave his slaves their freedom and devoted himself to the propagation of Christianity in Africa. The letter is dated at Washington, March 12th, 1853

Dear Brother A—: When you were en[illegible] the other day, about my recent visit to South Carolina and Georgia, I forgot to mention an incident that greatly interested [illegible] at the time it occurred, and which I have no doubt will be equally interesting to [illegible] others.

[illegible]

"Where is the Gospel had not been [illegible] in answer to the prayers of [illegible]

[illegible]

OUR RAILROAD.

[illegible] the following interesting article [illegible] editorial columns of the Charleston [illegible] paper, by the way, decidedly [illegible]

[illegible]

of the road, near a million of dollars of permanent capital has been added to the country, at no other cost than the labor necessary to construction, and at no appreciable sacrifice of other interests.

In no other section of the State, or of the South perhaps, has a work of the kind been so much needed. The rich tract of country washed by the Broad and Catawba rivers and their tributaries, abounding in every element of national prosperity, and occupied by a hardy, industrious and intelligent people, has been isolated and almost valueless from the exceeding difficulty of commercial intercourse. Such roads we have never seen. Four horses were often necessary to draw an empty stage from Columbia to Yorkville. From York and Chester a load of Cotton for four horses was from six to eight bales, wighing 350 lbs. each; and as the time required for a trip to Columbia was an average of about one week, the usual price for hauling was about one dollar per hundred, or $3½ per bale. Under such heavy charges for transportation, Cotton only found a market, while other products, raised in plentiful abundance, were used only so far as they were required by the wants of each neighborhood, and the balance were left to fertilize the fields. Under these circumstances, a tide of emigration has flowed with a ceaseless current to the West, so that, though blessed with fruitful soil, and salubrious climate, the population of York, Chester, and perhaps of Fairfield Districts, is scarcely greater now than it was twenty-five years ago. Through the agency of this road, however, Cotton finds a market at a cost of less than $1 per bale. Other products find a market which knew no market before. Emigration is arrested. Lands, to the distance of three miles on each side of the road, have increased from fifty to one hundred per cent in value. And, allowing that one million dollars has been added to the capital of the State, in virtue of the stock of this road, which is still in the hands of her citizens—that two millions have been added to the value of her lands—which is not extravagant, considering that the increase does not stop at the limits of the three miles which we have mentioned, but is shaded off to an indefinite distance on either side—that to the value of productive labor has been added one million five hundred thousand, the sum of which the amount saved upon its product of 60,000 bags of cotton, to say nothing of other products and up freight by the cheaper facilities for transportation, we have a sum of between four and five million dollars added to the wealth of the State, and so added that it is of more public benefit than if it had come by direct donation of some foreign power to the public treasury.

We have not striven for literal accuracy in the foregoing statements; they are the result of a general acquaintance with the work, without immediate reference to statistics; but they can differ little from the truth. Our purpose is to show the interest the State has in fostering [illegible] enterprises—enterprises whose incidental advantages result to her. Our course has shown that we are the firm friends of all improvements which tend to give our State her proper commercial position, but in doing so we yet are conscious that the firmest foundation for the structure of national greatness is the due cultivation and development of local interests.

COL. D. EDWIN WARE.—We have the pleasure of announcing to the friends of Col. Ware that he recieved, last Sunday morning, from his Excellency Governor Manning, a free and full pardon, but that he instantly paid over to the Clerk of the Court the fine of five hundred dollars, imposed on him by his Honor Judge Withers. His Excellency enclosed the pardon to Mrs. Ware, and wrote her a very kind letter in reply to the one she wrote him in favor of her husband. It will be remembered that Mrs. Ware was the only child of the deceased, Capt. Adam Jones. We have no doubt that the Colonel will, in the beautiful language of his Excellency, repay his affectionate and devoted wife in love and increased kindness, for all the affliction and sorrow he may have caused her by his recent misfortune, which no one can feel so deeply as himself.

The coming of a wife, with a pardon in her hand, under the great seal of the State, to release from prison her husband, and carry him home once more to his children and herself, was an interesting spectacle, and appropriate to woman's mission on earth. The short sojourn of Col. Ware in prison (one week) was made, by the kind attentions and visits of his friends, as pleasant as it well could be. It very often happens that a man does not know how much he is cared for and respected till misfortune overtakes him and developes the true feeling and heart of his friends.
[*Greenville Patriot.*

SCIENTIFIC PROPHECY.—An exchange paper states that about 19 years ago Mr. Hait, of Wilton, in Fairfield county, of this state, then a remarkably good student in his collegiate course, was suddenly deprived of his reason and memory. Under these circumstances, his father, the Rev. Mr. Hait, sent him to Hartford, but finding no relief, he sent him to Mr. Chaplain, of Cambridge, Mass. The Doctor said there was no present relief for him, but at the age of thirty-six or thirty-seven, there would be a change; that the brain was too much expanded for the cranium, and there would at that age be a contraction, which would enable it to act healthily. His anxious father and mother saw their hopes peremptorily deferred for nineteen years. That time has recently expired, and to their great joy the prophecy is fulfilled. The man began to inquire for his books as if he had just laid them down, and resumed his mathematical studies where he left them. There was no trace on his mind of this long blank in his life, or of anything which had occurred in it, and he did not know that he was almost forty years of age.—Norwich (Ct.) Courier.

THE BLACK HOLE OF NEW YORK.—It has been stated that five men, arrested for drunkenness, were confined in one of the cells of the City Prison a few nights since, and that the next morning three of their number were found to be dead, and the other two in convulsions, which have since terminated fatally. Professor Reid, of that city, who has paid much attention to the subject of respiration, has published a letter in which he offers the following explanation of the occurrence:

"Alcoholic drinks are principally expired by the lungs, or burnt off by them in the shape of carbonic acid gas. If you collect the air from the lungs of a person who has been drinking, you can easily extinguish a candle with it from this cause, and on analysing it, a larger quantity of carbonic acid will be found than under ordinary circumstances.

"Five men, being confined in the same cell, surcharged the place with this deadly gas, and hence the catastrophe.

"The unfeeling treatment of drunken people, shoving them into any hole, for the time, deserves the severest reprehension."

GOG AND MAGOG.—A London correspondent of the New York Times has the following paragraph in a late letter:

"A politico-religious *brochure*, entitled 'The coming struggle among the nations of the earth, or the political events of the next fifteen years, described in accordance with the prophecies in Ezekiel, Daniel, and the Apocalypse, showing the important position Great Britain will occupy during and at the end of the awful conflict," has made a considerable sensation here, and has rapidly attained its sixteenth thousand in circulation.

The authorship has been attributed to the Rev. Dr. Cumming, one of the most eloquent and able of our dissenting ministers—and the great opponent of Cardinal Wiseman. The writer predicts the downfall of Austria, and the consequent destruction of the Papacy; Russia is to be checked in her attempt to occupy Judea; America is to send her forces to assist Great Britain in preparing for the greatest physical battle that was ever fought on the struggling earth. The Anglo Saxon race are to be finally triumphant, and the children of Abraham are to be restored to their father-land. America is indeed to bear a large part in this terrible conflict, in which, according to the writer's showing, 'the chains of civil and ecclesiastical despotism, which priestcraft had forged for and fastened round the human soul,' are to be broken. Blackwood thinks the pamphlet of sufficient importance to devote several pages of his April number to expose the fallacy and absurdity of the predictions."

The North Carolina editors are congratulating the citizens of their State on the prominent men now occupying minor judicial positions. The late chief justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, Thos. Ruffin, is now Chairman of the courts of pleas and quarter sessions of his county—a simple magistrate's court. Hon. James J. McKay, of Bladen, an influential member of Congress for years, former chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means (the most important of all the committees,) acts in a similar capacity for his county. Hon. Calvin Graves has recently been elected to a like post in Caswell. Wm. A Wright, Esq., of New Hanover, accepted a year or two ago the appointment of justice of the peace, and regularly brings at each county court the weight of his legal learning and acquirements to the assistance of the bench in the trial of causes.—*Carolinian.*

PALMETTO STANDARD.

EDITORS:
SAM'L W. MELTON....C. DAVIS MELTON.

CHESTER, S. C.

THURSDAY, MAY 5, 1853.

To Correspondents.

"My first sight of the Ocean," "Lines to a Belle Ideal," and a "Chapter on Sacks," have been received and accepted.

Acknowledgment.

Our thanks are due to the Hon. DANIEL WALLACE, for the valuable public documents.

The Sandy River Division.

We understand that considerable dissatisfaction has been expressed by the members of this Division, because the notice of their celebration has not appeared in the *Standard*. We assure our friends that the notice has not come into the hands of the Junior, whose province it is to attend to this department; and as the Senior is at present absent, we are of course unable to ascertain anything from him in relation to the matter.

For the satisfaction of all parties, however, we announce that the contemplated celebration will take place on next Saturday. A handsome Bible will be presented to the Division by the Ladies, and several addresses made on the occasion. The neighboring Divisions and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend.

The May-Day Celebration.

In another column, our citizens are invited to participate in the festival which fairy hands and glad hearts prepare to greet the coming of Spring and its flowers. The celebration of the May-Day is, to our mind, the most pleasing of all the observances with which we are wont to welcome the return of favorite seasons; and nothing adds such a zest to social life, or serves better to cheer the young and joyous spirit and gladden the heart of age. The crowning of the May-Queen is a ceremony peculiarly charming and happy, proclaiming, as it does, the sovereignty for a time of mirth and joy, the rule of gentleness and love; the binding of fetters which the subject loves to bear, whose links are but garlands interwoven with the beautiful gems of the garden.

We hope that the occasion will be enlivened by the presence of all, and we know that the guests will enjoy a feast worthy of the Fairy Goddess and her worshippers.

The Lexington Telegraph.

We have received the first number of this paper, published and edited by our friend Mr. W. J. Randolph. It is a neatly printed and well filled sheet; and, judging as well from our previous knowledge of Mr. Randolph's industry and perseverance, as from the appearance and contents of the number before us, we are sure that the Telegraph will merit a large share of patronage.

The Territory of Washington.

A few weeks ago we announced the passage of a bill, establishing a territorial government over this rich and fertile section of country. From a strange inadvertency of the powers, the bill was permitted to pass without the usual appendages prohibiting slavery, thus granting to the Southern people the privilege of occupying a country well adapted to the productions of agricultural and manufacturing industry. We learn from a correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, that a large number of citizens of Missouri, Kentucky and Virginia, are preparing to emigrate thither with their slaves, and we may reasonably expect that, in a few years, the South will be enabled to hail the advent of a new State, identified in interest and feeling, and sharing with her a common destiny.

The Bank of Chester.

In order to make the report as complete as possible, we have delayed our article in relation to the Bank, until we have only sufficient space left to announce the "figures." At Chesterville, the subscriptions amount to....$239.750

At Union	21.250
At Caldwell's	13.250
At Wylie & Moffatts'	6.750
At Yorkville	9.250
Total	$290.250

The Commissioners at the other points in this District, and at Lancaster, Winnsboro', Columbia and Charleston, have not made their reports, but we have learned verbally, that at some of these points, stock has been taken amounting to more than the remaining ten thousand Dollars; so that we can announce with certainty that the required number of shares has been taken, and the Charter secured.

We take the greatest pleasure imaginable in informing the "Chairman of the Judiciary," and the "enlightened" generally, that the "outside Barbarians" are up to a thing or two, and able to exhibit a hand most surprisingly stocked with "pictures." Indeed, we fear that our citizens, in their eagerness to secure a profitable investment for their super-abundant capital, have taken more shares than they will be permitted to retain, and will have to seek other means of employing their wealth.

We may lay ourselves liable to the charge of boasting over-much, but we can't refrain with any kind of grace. The truth must be told, that whenever Chester undertakes to do anything, it is done, and that too with a will. She has never been known to fail. At the call of the country, her gallant young men were first to respond, and foremost in the march to the battle-field; when the Railroad charter was granted, she was first to redeem the pledges of her delegates; and now when she desires to be dependent on herself and employ her own resources, her wealth is found even more than equal to the task. "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts"—of the women—with a people as intelligent and a market as good as any in the State, she knows no such word as "fail," and is, most emphatically, bound to win.

Bitter Fruits.

Under this head the *Carolinian* gives an account of a marriage, in the city of New York, of a beautiful girl, the daughter of a Clergyman, a rabid Abolitionist, with a coal-black, thick-lipped, aromatic representative of the nethermost corner of Ethiopia. This lovely alliance had been proviously attempted, but was prevented by the demonstrations of the community, and the frantic opposition of the father. After having seemingly dropped the idea, for some time, the pair suddenly decamped to Gretna Green, sealed the compact, and immediately set sail for Europe on a visit to the Duchess of Sutherland.

We are somewhere informed, that the monster who gave to the world and to Christianity, its foulest blot, perished amidst the infernal orgies of the Inquisition; that the prolific genius, who invented the Guillotine, and erected for France an engine whose price was paid with her best blood, was the first to feel the keenness of its blade; and indeed, history gives ample evidence, that the wretch who distils the poison, himself drinks the bitterest dregs of the cup.—We cannot express surprise, then, that the man who has prostituted his calling and given his whole life to the propagation of a wild fanaticism, whose success must bring untold misery upon many an household, should find his preaching recoil fearfully upon himself; the sanctity of his own fireside invaded by the miserable creature whom he sought to succor, and the pride of his family stolen from his home and joined in a vile, loathsome and disgusting alliance with a negro.

There is an old adage, that "the hair of the dog is good for the bite," which bids fair to be exemplified in this instance; for, surely, a few more doses like the one just administered will prove an effectual antidote for the ills that Northern flesh is heir to.

Wreck of the Steamer Independence.

Our exchanges are filled with the details of the loss of the ill-fated steamer Independence, many of the incidents of which we are compelled to exclude for the want of space. At daybreak, on the 16th of February, the Independence struck upon a reef under water, extending from the island of Margarita, off the coast of Lower California. On backing her and ascertaining that she was rapidly filling with water, the Captain gave orders to run her ashore. The water had risen to such a height that, just as she touched the beach, the draughts of the engine were obstructed, throwing into the fire-room a sheet of flame twenty feet in length, and enveloping the vessel in a blaze. The boats were launched, but most of them swamped in getting to shore. The following extract is taken from the account given in the Califorina papers.

"And now ensued one of the most harrowing scenes ever recorded in the history of shipwreck; the flames leaped rapidly across the after part of the ship, driving the masses before them, and dozens sprang into the water, and were seen struggling in the surf. All the boats were now gone, and it was impossible to regain the ship from the shore, or to render any succor whatever. Dreadful cries and screams proceeded from the ship, which, mingled with the roaring of the sea, the crackling of the flames and shouting of those on shore, who could only gaze helplessly on the sight, must have been an era of terror in the lives of those who beheld it from the beach. As the flames advanced forward the unhappy victims were forced into the sea, and every surf came freighted with corpses or exhausted half-drowned men, women and children. Such a scene has never before been witnessed on the Pacific coast. To add to the excitement, the flames had now communicated to the powder magazine, which exploded, tearing the run and stern to pieces, and splintering all that portion of the ship; the two guns, surrounded by the flames, also sent their solemn booming over the scene. Those who were fortunate enough to get within reach of their friends on shore, were dragged, half dead, out of the reach of the surf, while others were swept around the stern of the steamer or out to sea, there being a strong current making seaward from the ship. At one moment not less than thirty corpses and bodies of the dying were in the edge of the surf, some of them divested of clothing. Out of a party of eighteen Jews who were on board, sixteen perished from the weight of coin, it was supposed, which they attempted to bring with them through the waves. The outward current above mentioned carried off numbers of persons who were good swimmers or floated, who would otherwise have been saved; several women thus floating were swept away."

The survivors found themselves on a lone and barren island, where they remained, exposed to the severest hardships and without food or water, for fifty six hours. By firing signals, they were at last enabled to attract the attention of several whaling vessels, which succored them and finally conveyed them to their destination. Of the three hundred and twenty-five passengers on board, one hundred and thirty exclusive, of about half of the crew, found a watery grave.

Editor's Table.

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY:

By some unaccountable mishap, we have been denied the pleasure of acknowledging ere this, the reception of the April number. It has come at last, however, and presents an interesting dish of genuine *pabulum*, in the discussion of which we intend to repay ourselves for the long agony of suspense.

The May number is also on our table. From an article on the student life of Webster, we learn, to the utter demolition of our former ideas, that the character of the great expounder, while a student, was exemplary, his habits regular almost to a fault, the course of study severe and complete, and, indeed, all the stories told of his mental stupidity, idleness and wayward disposition, entirely groundless. The young [illegible] at school, therefore, can no longer derive encouragement from an appeal to this example, nor lay the flattering unction to his soul that he is walking in the footsteps of Daniel Webster.

The publication of "Old Ironsides," the only posthumous work of Cooper, is commenced in this number, which contains also a searching *critique* on Allison's History of Europe; a Review of Layard's Ninevah, and many other papers of equal interest. "Putnam" has now become a standard work, and the spirit and energy displayed in the management deserves well of the country.

Price. $3. G. P. Putnam, & Co., New York.

THE HAMBURG REPUBLICAN:

We welcome, with pleasure, the appearance of this journal after a suspension of some months, and extend to the proprietor, our earnest wishes for a more prosperous career. The *Republican* is issued under the auspices of Benj. Baird, a former proprietor, and although vegetating in a dangerous proximity to SIMKINS and his *Advertiser*, the energy of the Proprietor, together with the manifest importance of his paper to the interest of Hamburg, will insure for it a more lasting success.

Editorial Pennings.

EUROPEAN NEWS.—By the *Humboldt*, which arrived at New York, on the 26th ult., we have the following items in relation to Turkish affairs:

"Dates from Constantinople to the 25th of March, state that affairs between Russia and Turkey were unsettled and enveloped in mystery. Prince Menschikoff had demanded an audience with the Sultan, which the latter declined.

The Sultan refused to negotiate upon certain questions until the arrival of the French and English Ambassadors. A French fleet was in Salamis Bay.

A correspondent of the London *Times* says that Russia was endeavoring to conclude a secret treaty with Turkey, failing in which, Constantinople would be taken by a *coup de main*. The latest accounts from Constantinople state that an English war steamer, three Russian despatch vessels and a French steam frigate were lying in the harbor. A Turkish fleet was anchored off the Golden Horn, apparently making arrangements for a movement, and another Turkish fleet was anchored off Alexandretta.

The health of the Queen of England is rapidly improving, and the young sprig of royalty is doing as well as might be expected under the circumstances. The House of Lords, seeing that the whole revenue will shortly be required for the support of the family, are about to take time by the forelock, and reduce the national debt.

Mr. Owen, the celebrated socialist reformer, has been converted by the Spiritual Rappers, and having conversed with Jefferson, Franklin and several other ultra-mundanes, announces that we are about to exchange "the present false, disunited, and miserable state of human existence, for a true, united and happy state, to arise from a new universal education, or formation of character from birth, to be based on truth, and conducted in accordance with the established laws of human nature."

France is'nt "quiet," but the exact locality "where hurts her" has not yet been ascertained.

By the *Baltic*, which arrived at New York, on Monday, we have three days later news.

The English and French Ambassadors have arrived at Constantinople. The former has assured the English merchants in that city that there will be no interruption to business but that peace will be continued.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer proposes in his Budget a general reduction of duties in Great Britain. Public opinion is divided on the subject. It is generally believed, however, that it will overthrow the present Ministry.

Mrs. Stowe, accompanied by her husband, had arrived at London, and was received with much enthusiasm and sundry grand demonstrations. She will shortly leave for Glasgow, to report progress to the Anti-Slavery Association in compliance with whose invitation she visits England.

THE SEMINOLE INDIANS.—The advices from Florida inform us that the Indians, tho' desiring to remain in peace, refuse to emigrate. It has been ascertained by a careful estimate, that there are only 286 Indians, and but 86 of these able to bear arms. No serious annoyance can result to the inhabitants from such a feeble force; and the only difficulty presenting itself is the adoption of an effectual method of removing by force, the remaining few, who seem so determined in their adherence to their old hunting grounds. The country shortly will be surveyed into townships, preparatory to hunting them out.

APPOINTMENTS.—Gen. Dix, of New York, has been appointed Minister to France, in place of Mr. Rives, the present incumbent: R. K. Mead, a member from Virginia, goes as Minister to Chili; Ex-Gov. Hubbard, of Maine, Consul at Rio de Janeiro, and S. D. Dillaye, of New York, charge at Brussels.

Hon. J. Slidell was elected U. S. Senator, by the Legislature of Louisiana, on last Thursday, vice Hon. Pierre Soule.

Governor Seymour is to be Minister of Russia, and Col. James Gadsden, of this State, Minister to Mexico.

THE BONAPARTE FAMILY.—The Baltimore correspondent of the *Carolinian* gives an item of interest in relation to the Bonaparte family. Louis Napoleon and the Empress have invited his relatives—a son and grand children of Jerome, Napoleon's brother, now resident in Baltimore,—to visit France. Jerome Bonaparte, a grand-nephew of his uncle, is a 2nd Lieutenant in the United States Army, having graduated at West Point, last year. He is a young man of fine appearance, much more than ordinary intellect, and quite republican in his tastes and manners.

He is much attached to the American people, and has thus far contemplated spending many years in our army for the purpose of studying the institutions of this country, preparatory to making a *coup d' etat* in France, whenever the propitious moment should arrive. He has, however, accepted the invitation of his cousin, and will apply for leave of absence for six months.

The correspondent says that Mrs. Bonaparte, the grand-mother of the young Lieutenant, who was a Miss Patterson of Baltimore, still resides in that city. She is immensely rich, and, altho' seventy years of age, very sprightly.

THE SMALL POX.—Two cases of this disease have been reported to exist in this section, one at Charlotte and the other at Monticello, Fairfield District. The former was merely a case of chicken pox, and the gentleman, after a confinement of two or three days, is now attending to his usual occupation. The Winnsborough *Register* has learned from reliable authority, that the individual who died at Monticello was attacked with the billious fever, contracted from unusual exposure while travelling home from Alabama.

FROM MEXICO.—Dates from the City of Mexico to the 17th ult., announce the arrival of Santa Anna in that city. He made a complete triumphal march throughout the entire journey, and was received at the Capitol with great joy and rejoicing. The whole City was brilliantly illuminated, and amid the congratulations of his fickle-hearted country men, the old chief has again grasped the reins of power.

ACCIDENT ON THE S. C. RAILROAD.—On Saturday, says the *Banner*, some murderous miscreant changed the gate, five miles from Charleston, as the Hamburg train was on its way down—which caused the engine to be thrown from the track, and injured the Engineer, Mr. Hall, so seriously, that his life is despaired of. No other injury resulted except a detention of several hours to the passengers.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK.—At the annual meeting, John A. Crawford was re-elected President, and the following Directors chosen for the ensuing year: John A. Crawford, John Bryce, Andrew Wallace, C. R. Bryce, Wm. Wallace, W. F. DeSaussure, James Boatwright, J. S. Guignard, John I. Gracey, R. Sondley, A. Crawford, H. Muller and H. Lyons.

DEPRECIATION OF GOLD.—The Baltimore *American*, in an article written in reply to a paper in the N. A. Review, on this subject, says:

"There are now uses for money that were then not dreamed of, and we feel quite confident that, no matter what may be the reasonable yield of California and Australia, a people whose institutions afford them unbounded freedom of action, intercourse, and industry will find means to employ the added wealth without the depreciation apprehended by the North American Review. If we use arithmetic alone, without taking into consideration the progress of the world and its wants, we may easily cipher gold into utter worthlessness."

AMIABLE.—The Winnsboro' *Register* announces the discovery of a "drake's nest," in the following ominous, yet dignified, patriotic and sentimental language:

"We regard the American Government as the most corrupt and ungodly upon the face of this globe, and the people of the *Southern* States as the most servile, and degraded of any other class of people we have ever read or heard of;—such people are only fit to be slaves."

"Clear the way, children,—also the Ladies and Gentlemen will occupy the high seats; for the elephant is waxin' an-gry."

Correspondence of Palmetto Standard.

CHARLESTON, April 30.

The local items of this week are not of a very startling or exciting character. No astounding developments or distressing Casualties, to freeze the bounding blood, and make the hair stand on end. The depression in the news market is now so great as to render it necessary for correspondents to draw upon their imagination for facts. The weather continues dry and cool, and the dust almost intolerable. The cisterns are rapidly failing, and the want of good water is beginning to be sensibly felt.

Magnolia and the Battery are beginning to be extensively patronized by the pent-up denizens of our crowded thoroughfares. The omnibuses that run to the former place are crowded every afternoon, and many who ride up are compelled to walk back for want of room. Although it is said that an omnibus is never full, yet I have had recent ocular demonstration to the contrary, and was driven to the *stern* necessity of taking a *stern* passage on the steps, or take the "peoples line." Plank roads are being built through many of the principal streets in the western part of the city, by the omnibus companies, in order to enable them to extend their lines in that direction.

News from the cotton market are still favorable, and prices generally seem firm, with rather an upward tendency. The commercial advises from Havana brought over by the *Canada* are precisely the same as those received by *Humboldt*. Holders of cotton on the 13th inst. were awaiting the receipt of the *Baltic's* advises in anticipation of something favorable. The market was brisk in New York on the 29th inst. and prices firmer; on that day 4,500 bales changed hands. In New Orleans, on the same day, *seven thousand* bales were disposed of at steady prices. Middling was quoted at 10¼. The sales during the week comprised 38,000 bales. The stock on hand is 340,000 bales.

The sales of the past week, in the Charleston market are estimated at 7,100 bales at prices ranging from 7¼ to 11 cents. The largest figure (2,815 bales) were sold at 10¼; and the next highest figure (832) at 10¼. We quote Inferior to Good Ordinary, 7¼ to 9¼; Middling to Good Middling, 9¾ to 10¼; Middling Fair, 10¼ to 10½. Fair to Fully Fair, 11 cents and upwards.

King street presents the bustle and business appearance usual at this season; and the retail merchants are doing a fair business. The "Big Store" is well patronized, both by city and country. They keep as good articles as can be found in the market, and sell them at as reasonable prices. They have but one price, and they sell at that or keep their good. They do strictly a *cash* business, at quick sales and short profits. The large new Hotel at the corner of Queen and Meeting streets is raising aloft its towering proportions, and, although it will overshadow the *Charleston*, and draw the third part of the stars after it. But the small fry need not tremble in their shoes, for there is room enough for all, and the increasing demands of the public will soon call for another of the same size.

The rubbish is being removed from the burnt district, and several new buildings are already going up on the ruins. Fires of this extent are much to be deplored, and always bring great suffering and loss to individuals, but in the end they are the means of greatly improving the city. New brick buildings take the place of old dilapidated wooden ones, that should have been removed years ago, and were only fit to be occupied as fruit stores, or German Groceries. "All's well that ends well." It is to be hoped that we will have no more fires until we can get water to extinguish them—and not then.

RANDOM.

FOR THE STANDARD.

The Lancaster Rail Road.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I see from the Lancaster *Ledger*, that the Charter for this Road has been secured through the liberality of a few gentlemen, who have come forward, and pledged themselves for a sufficient amount to secure the charter. I understand the Company is to be organized at an early day. We may, therefore, calculate that the Road will certainly be built. It becomes those interested in the Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road, to look around and see how that event may affect *their* interest. This Road once built to Lancaster, connecting at Camden, will not stop, but will be continued to Charlotte N. C., beyond a doubt.—And must curtail the business of the C. & S. C. Rail Road, and consequently, lessen the value of *that* Stock. As it is not too late for us to act, and we have it in our power to secure this road as a feeder to ours, (the Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road) let us do so. Our Company can make a liberal subscription, and induce *that* Company to connect with us, either at Chester, or at Lewis' Turn Out.—And there is very little doubt but the work may be accomplished—which will secure to this Road a large and profitable business. If we suffer the present opportunity to pass we may repent it.

Lancaster District we are informed, will take stock to the amount of $200,000. The people of Chester on the line of the Road, can take from 75 to 100,000 Dollars. The Charlotte & S. C. Company, can well afford to subscribe $50,000. When this is done the State of South Carolina will undoubtedly extend their liberality to this, as well as other roads. What have we to do? Let our respectable and wealthy Planters on Fishing Creek, come forward with their accustomed liberality, and give only a tithe of their crops for two or three years, and the work will be accomplished; and all engaged in it will have cause to be proud of it when it is done. Let us make an effort—now is the time for action.

A CITIZEN OF CHESTER.

News of the Week.

....The Weldon (N. C.) *Patriot* states that the cholera is raging between that town and Gaston, and that eight or nine deaths had recently occurred. It is said to have originated from eating oysters, and the citizens of Gaston had held a meeting and requested a man engaged in selling them, to stop the business.

....A new supposition has been started in regard to the lost Tribes of Israel. The Affganistan people are now supposed by some to be a remnant of the Ten Tribes. They are said to call themselves Bannie Israel, and it is alleged that one of the tribes is called after Joseph.

....It is said there are only 270 men living out of the 1,000 who volunteered from New York in the Mexican war. Of these, 20 or 30 are living in extreme want in New York, and we see an appropriation of $1,000 has been proposed in the council of that city for their relief.

....The Albany, (Geo.) *Patriot* of Friday last, says:—

The weather for the past week has been warm and dry, and rain is very much needed. Late planted cotton will hardly come up till the ground is wet. Corn and cotton look usually well, except when suffering from the drought. Planters are busy chopping out their cotton, and some are nearly through. We noticed a day or to since, as fine a field of corn, a few miles below Albany, as we ever remember to have seen at this season.

....A northern paper says that the pugilists are about to strike. Beggars will refuse anything less than sixpence after the 4th of July. Persons peeping through cracks in the fence to see the balloon go off, expect a shilling each after the Hippodrome opens. Sleepy church goers intend striking for mattresses, pipes, and coffee, during prosy service.

....An old fellow was lately overtaken by a "train of thought." The concussion was so severe as to knock him into the middle of next year. Similar accidents have been known to throw one into the middle of the next age.

....The Union, speaking of our relations with Mexico, and the accession to power in that country of Santa Anna, says: "If the friendly relations of the countries should be interrupted, the unfortunate event will not be in consequence of the unjust action of this government. A satisfactory solution of existing difficulties with Mexico is sincerely sought by the government, which is prepared to make every reasonable sacrifice to peace.

....The Southern Medicinal Journal contains the description of a case by Dr. T. A. Atchison, in which a girl seventeen years of age, bitten on the left instep by a rattlesnake, was cured by being placed in a hot bath, and whisky and carbonate of ammonia administered to her, until she had taken three pints of the former, and eighty grains of the latter. It was two hours and a half after the bite that Dr. A. visited his patient, when he found her sightless, her face swollen, and her mind wandering. The liquor caused no intoxication, and the cure was complete.

....In Texas, the Indians are becoming decidedly hostile and daring in their depredations on the frontier along the upper Brazos. On the 27th March, Maj. Sibley had a difficulty with the Wacoes, and more recently a party of Wichitas, having come in at Fort Belknap, were detained as prisoners, two being sent back to bring in some stolen horses. At night the chief, after murdering his own wife and child, rose upon the guard with all his warriors, [illegible] number. The sentinel on guard was instantly killed, and another soldier wounded. The chief was killed, but all his warriors escaped. This shows that the Indians are driven to the extreme of desperation, and we may expect bloody work on the frontier.

Weekly Report of the Columbia Market.

At the date of our last regular weekly review of the cotton market, ending on the 30th ult., a quiet but steady demand prevailed for the article, at prices varying from 7¼ to 10¼ cents. In following the week just brought to a close, we have but few remarks to make on the state of the market; for notwithstanding prices did some days fluctuate a little, and in some of the transactions turn a point in favor of the buyer, still at the close of business this (Monday) evening, we find that the market occupies precisely the same position it did at the date of our last report.

In the course of the week two steamers have arrived from Europe, viz: the Humboldt and the Canada. By the former the Liverpool market was reported quiet at the decline of ⅛d, but in the latter an active demand prevailed, and prices had advanced ⅛d on the low and middling grades, while the fine qualities are quoted the same, namely: 6¼d for fair uplands. These accounts caused a better feeling in our market, and in the course of Thursday and Friday prices fully recovered the ¼ of a cent they had lost on receipt of the Humboldt's advices. On Saturday the market was quiet but steady, with but little action on sale, and consequently but few transactions to notice. On Monday morning three days later news by the Baltic were received, reporting a decline of 1-16d in the Liverpool market, with sales of 17,500 bales; but up to one o'clock, at which time we closed our report, these advices had not affected our market, and we therefore continue our former quotations, as we feel confident they will approximate as near the present value of the article as it is possible to have them, viz: 7¼ to 10¼.

The sales of the week comprise 1,070 bales, and the total sales in this market since the first of September are 80,029, bales against 86,857 bales the same time last year, and leaving a stock in hand of 4,625 bales.

Monday, May 2nd. [*Carolinian.*

Obituary.

Departed this life in Charleston, S. C., on the 28th of April, Mrs. ANN HAYDEN, in the 88th year of her age.

Mrs. McDonald and Pupils solicit the citizens of Chesterville, to participate with them in the pleasures of a Coronation Party and Floral Festival, on Thursday, May 12th, in the grove in rear of Mrs. Wood's Dwelling.

Ladies intending to furnish refreshments, will please send them to Col. Walker's, as early in the week as convenient.

CHESTER DRUG STORE.

THE subscriber having purchased of Dr. J. A. Reedy, his entire interest in the Chester Drug Store, will continue the business at the same old stand. By frequent importations he expects to have constantly on hand, a full assortment of

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, PERFUMERY, &c.;

all of which he is determined shall consist of the most pure and genuine articles which the markets can afford. He is willing to compare his retail prices with any Drug Store in the State.

Many medicinal compounds which are liable to deteriorate from age, will be prepared at short intervals, in quantities sufficient to meet the demands of our market.

The undersigned will also be prepared with the means of testing the strength and purity of medicines.

Mr. H. J. McDONALD, an experienced and practical apothecary, will be found constantly at the Store, ready to attend to the various duties of his profession.

Sole agent for the various popular Patent Medicines.

A. P. WYLIE.

May 5 18 tf

RAIL ROAD STORE.

JUST received at the R. R. Store, (at Blacksneeks) on the C. & S. C. Rail Road, a new, large and carefully selected

Stock of Goods,

embracing all articles usually kept in a first class country store. Call and examine; and if new goods, a good Stock, good terms and good attention, can secure good custom, we are bound to have our share.

We keep wet goods and dry goods,
And all goods but high goods,
And if when you call,
We don't please one and all,
Why then—"take our hat,"
Which is marked FANT & PRATT.

N. B. Don't be afraid of buying us out, for our position and facilities of Rail-Road are such, that we can always keep supplied by Telegraph.

FANT & PRATT.

May 5 18 3m

Court House for Sale.

WILL be sold at public outcry on Monday the 6th of June next, the Old Court House building in the Town of Chester. Possession given as soon as the New Court House is completed. The purchaser to remove the building and materials from the public square by the 1st of October next.

The building will be sold on a credit until the 1st of January, 1854.

By order of Com'rs. of Public Buildings.

S. McALILEY, Sec'y.

May 4 18 tf

Notice.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of Elizabeth Stinson, dec'd., are requested to present them, on or before the first of June, as the subscriber wishes to make a final settlement of said estate.

D. G. STINSON, Adm'r.

May 5 18 3t

Notice.

I HAVE sold my Drug Store to Dr. A. P. Wylie, and am desirous of closing up my business as soon as possible: therefore, all who are indebted on my Books, will please call and settle them either by Cash or Note. My Books and Notes are in the hands of W. A. Walker, Esq., who is authorized to receipt for me. Also, the Books of Reedy & Ruff, are in his hands for settlement.

J. A. REEDY.

May 5 18 tf

Dry Hides and Wool.

WE will barter, at 10 cts. per lb. for 100, good Dry Hides: Also:—for WOOL at the highest market rates.

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Sept. 22 37-tf

Corn! Corn!!

THE undersigned has, at the place formerly occupied by Col. Randell, about ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS OF CORN, which he offers for sale. He may be found at Chester, or if absent, persons desirous of purchasing will call on James Pagan.

SAML. RANDELL.

March 16 11 2m

Miss M. J. BLAKELY.

Millinery and Mantua Making.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Chester and surrounding country, that having procured a Select and Fashionable assortment of

Bonnets, Capes, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, ARTIFICIALS, &c.,

with the latest styles of Fashion, she is prepared to sell, make and trim Bonnets and Ladies Dresses, with the greatest taste and moderate prices.

April 28 17 6m

HENRY & GILL

Are receiving their Stock of Spring & Summer

GOODS,

Embracing every variety of Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Children's Wear, viz: Coatings, Vestings, Pantaloonery, &c.

LADIES DRESS GOODS

Of the Latest Styles,

WITH TRIMMINGS TO MATCH.

A handsome Stock of

Shawls, Scarfs, Collars, &c.

Fancy and Colored Silks and Fringes, suitable for making Mantillas.

Embroideries, Gloves and Hosiery.

Ladies Bonnets,

Latest April Fashions.

Men's, Boys, Misses and Children's

SUMMER HATS.

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers.

April 21 16 tf

The Pilgrim's Apology.

BY JAMES ALONZO WEBB.

PRICE 75 cents, and for sale by A. G. Pagan & Co., Wm. M. McDonald, Heyman & Shannon, Chesterville; Wm. D. Cornwell, Baton Rouge; Wilks, Land & Co., Baton Rouge; T. & G. Chalk, Chalkville; Chesley Crosby, Crosbyville; Brawley, Alexander & Parrot, Halsellville.

A liberal deduction will be made to any persons wishing to sell again by applying to Heyman & Shannon.

April 28 17 5tp

Rags! Rags!!

THE subscriber will receive in exchange for goods all Linen, Tow and Cotton Rags, at 2 cents per pound, at their Grocery Store near the Depot. Also: GOOD DRY HIDES.

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

April 28 17 tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN CHARLES, deceased, are requested to present them to the undersigned, immediately.

W. B. LILLEY, *Adm.*

No Hoax.

THE subscriber having a considerable quantity of goods of all kinds, left on hand from his Store in York District, has concluded to sell them at their cost in Charleston, rather than expose them at public auction. The ladies will do well to call at the Store of Messrs. Chisholme & Carroll, where they can buy Muslins, Tissues, Jaconets, Cambrics, Prints, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs Ribbands, &c. Also, Gentlemens' Wear of all kinds, at first cost, and no mistake.

J. L. CARROLL.

April 21 16 tf

Valuable Tract of Land.

I OFFER at private sale a small tract of Land, belonging to John A. Minter, (and which I am empowered to sell) situated 9 miles northwest of Chester, C. H., in the neighborhood of Thomas Bennett, containing Twenty-Six Acres all well timbered, and well watered. There is on the premises an

Excellent Tan Yard,

upon which there is every facility for carrying on the business.

Persons desirous to purchase will call upon the undersigned or upon Thomas Bennett, who will show the premises.

If not sold privately, by the first Saturday in June, it will be sold on the premises, to the highest bidder.

It will be sold on a credit until November 1st, with interest from date.

JAMES S. TURNER, Agent.

April 21 16 7t

Notice.

PERSONS indebted to the firm of McDonald & Pinchback, will find the Books and Notes of that concern with D. Pinchback, at his new Dry Goods Store, where they are earnestly requested to call and settle as early as possible. Those having open accounts will confer a favor by closing them, *if it is only by note*, but cash would be preferred as we wish to have all of our accounts closed up by the first of October.

McDONALD & PINCHBACK.

June 23 25-tf

Thomas Alexander,

FACTOR & GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

South Atlantic Wharf,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

N.B.—All country produce sold at the highest market price,

Nov. 17 46 1y

Dissolution.

THE firm of CRAWFORD, MILLS & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted by note or on the books of the concern, are requested to make settlement without delay, as it is intended to close the business promply.

Notice.

THE undersigned, having purchased the entire interest of Crawford, Mills & Co., will continue to conduct the business at the old stand.

THOS. S. MILLS.

Sept. 15 36 tf

NOTICE.—All persons who are indebted to the late firm of Wylie & Mobley, are earnestly requested to make settlement without further delay. Dr. Mobley has been removed for some years, and the business still continues unclosed. Longer indulgence cannot be reasonably asked.

Also, those indebted to the undersigned, on his individual account are likewise notified his books must be closed either by Cash or Note.

A. P. WYLIE.

Dec. 29 52 tf

Money.—The Notes of John Darby, Esq., in my hands for collection. All persons who know themselves indebted to him, will make payment without delay. Indulgence cannot be given.

C. D. MELTON.

Dec. 29 52 tf

Money Wanted.

THE accounts of all those indebted to James Pagan & Co., are now made out and ready for settlement, and they would be glad to receive the cash for them. Those who come and pay off, will save us the necessity of sending their accounts to them, as the money must come.

Our terms are short profits and cash the bill.

JAMES PAGAN & CO.

March 30 18 tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE LATE FIRM OF

HENRY & HERNDON

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent, the term of Partnership having expired. Either of the subscribers will attend to making settlements.

Persons having open accounts of long standing, are requested to settle them with Cash or Note.

W. D. HENRY,
J. HERNDON.

Chester, March 23, 1853. 12-tf

NEW FIRM.

William D. Henry & William H. Gill,

HAVE associated themselves together for the purpose of transacting a general

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

UNDER THE FIRM OF

HENRY & GILL,

At the old stand of Henry & Herndon.

They would respectfully invite their friends and the public to examine their

Stock of Goods,

Consisting of almost every article usually kept by Merchants.

Their Goods in quality and price will compare favorably with any other establishment in this country; and they will spare no pains not only to please, but to furnish their customers with articles that will give them satisfaction on trial.

March 23 12-tf

Moleskin Hats.

Late Spring style. Just received.

HENRY & GILL.

School Books and Stationary.

A full supply.

HENRY & GILL.

Locks, Hinges, Glass and Putty.

HENRY & GILL.

Carpenters' Tools.

A full supply.

HENRY & GILL.

New Book Bindery

AND

STATIONER'S HALL.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

THE subscriber has just opened his BOOK BINDERY and STATIONER'S HALL, at the old stand of P. M. Johnson, Richardson-st. where every article of Stationary may be found at prices *lower than the lowest, of superior quality.*

He solicits the attention of his country friends and dealers generally, to his stock of Paper, consisting of Printing Paper of all description, Blank Paper of Imperial, Sup, Royal, Royal, Medium, Demy, and Cap sizes, and Superior Letter Paper of best Brands, which will be sold at a great reduction, together with a large assortment of Full and Half Bound Account Books, such as Records, Journals, Day Books, Ledgers

Having also increased facilities for Binding, he will execute promptly orders for Blank Books, Ruled and Bound in any style. Printed Books bound in every variety of style.

All who desire to deal at low figures *for Cash*, would do well to give him a call, and those ordering paper for points above Columbia, will save much delay by sending him their orders.

THOS. J. LAMOTTE.

March 23, 1853. 12 6m

REMOVAL.

THOMAS S. MILLS, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to the stand formerly occupied as a Grocery Store by D. Pinchback, where he will keep on hand

A Large Stock of Groceries

—AND—

FAMILY PROVISIONS,

and will bid the highest prices for Cotton and other produce brought to this market.

April 13 14 tf

Lands for Sale.

I HAVE a tract of Land containing about SEVENTEEN HUNDRED ACRES, which I wish to sell. It is situated in York District, on both sides of the Saluda Road, and near to the Charlotte Rail Road; one portion of it being within one-half mile of Rock Hill Depot. It is mostly unimproved—not more than eighty acres being cleared; and is well adapted to the cultivation of grain. From its location and other advantages, it is believed to be a desirable place. The land will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers and on accommodating terms.

W. P. THOMASSON.

April 6 14 3m

Piano for Sale.

A FINE Rosewood German made PIANO, of a beautiful finish and in good order, is offered for sale, and can be obtained at a very reasonable price, on application at the office of K. S. Dargan, where the instrument can be seen, and tested at any time.

K. S. DARGAN.

Winnsboro', April 13 15 4t

COLUMBIA HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having purchased the above establishment, hereby notifies his friends and the public, generally, that he will spare no pains or expense to render those who may call upon him comfortable. His Tables will be supplied with the best the market will afford. The Bar will be furnished with the best of liquors—all his stables with good ostlers and provender. Call and see for yourselves.

JOHN HARRISON.

Columbia, March 16, 1853.

March 16 11 2m

NOTICE.—The Notes and Accounts of William Thompson, Shoemaker, are left with me for collection. Persons knowing themselves indebted, will make payment without delay.

W. A. WALKER.

Feb. 2 5 tf

Read and Remember!

THAT all persons indebted to the undersigned will, after the 1st Febrnary, '53 find their Notes and accounts with W. A. Walker, Esq., for collection, *without exception of persons.*

W. M. NICHOLSON.

Nov 24 47 tf

Corn Shellers, the latest and most approved patent, for sale by

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

Jan. 5 1 tf

---

25 Barrels N. C. Flour,

JUST received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

2,000 Pounds Tallow,

A GOOD article, just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Sept. 22 37-tf

FOR SALE,

A GOOD Work Horse. Apply to

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

—AT—

DAVEGA & BENNETT'S.

THE subscribers have just opened their Stock of Spring and Summer Goods of the very latest styles, viz:

Plain and Figured colored Silks,
Plain and Figured Black Silks,
Silk Tissues and Bareges of every style.
Colored Swiss and Jaconet Muslins.
French and Scotch Ginghams.
Calicoes—some very handsome at 12½ cents.
Barege Silk and Muslin Mantles.
Plain and Figured Swiss Muslins.
Embroidered L. C. Handkerchiefs.
Silk Gloves and Mitts.
Swiss and Cambric Undersleeves—new style.
Worked Collars and Pointed Cuffs.
Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings.
Thread and Cotton Edgings and Laces.

Together with a complete assortment of Staple and Fancy Goods of every variety.

A. H. DAVEGA.

BONNETS.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly requested to our Stock of Bonnets which are of the best quality and latest styles.

ALSO:

A complete assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES,
Panama and other Styles of Hats,
Drugs and Medicines,
Crockery & Glass Ware,
Hardware,
Groceries, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to examine our Stock and prices.

JORDAN BENNETT.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of Spring and Summer Clothing. Just received at

DAVEGA & BENNETTS.

April 21 16 tf

A NEW FIRM!

At Rock Hill Depot, on Charlotte & South Carolina Railroad.

WE, the undersigned, have this day entered into Partnership, and we are now receiving our new Spring Stock of Goods, consisting of

DRY GOODS OF ALL VARIETIES,

Clothing of the latest styles—Hardware & Nails. GROCERIES—such as Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice and Salt;

Which we will sell as low as can be sold in any of the up-country towns, for Cash, or to approved customers. Call and see what bargains we can give

BROACH, MASSEY & CO.

W. P. BROACH. JNO. MASSEY, SR. W. P. BROACH.

March 23 12 6m

We return our thanks to our friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and hope they will give Broach, Massey & Co., a call.

W. P. & H. F. BROACH.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

R. A. YONGUE

COLUMBIA, So. Ca.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he has now on hand, and will constantly keep, an extensive assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Mantel Clocks of Every Variety,
SILVER & PLATED WARE,

A large variety,

MILITARY AND FANCY GOODS,
Guns, Rifles, Sportsman's Apparatus,
FINE POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY

Together with all kinds of

FANCY ARTICLES.

His Stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, and JEWELRY, embraces a handsome and fashionable collection of such articles. It is design not to be surpassed in the taste and elegance of his selections, and his prices will be found on examination to be as moderate as at any other establishment in the South.

He solicits a continuance of the custom heretofore so liberally bestowed on the old firm.

R. A. YONGUE.

Columbia, Feb. 16 7 tf

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

J. & T. M. GRAHAM,

RETURN their thanks to their friends and the public generally, for past favors, and would inform them that they have removed from their old stand, to their new building on the opposite side of the street, where they are prepared to exhibit for sale a

A Fine Stock of New Goods,

lately selected in the Charleston market, embracing

Ladies' Dress and Fancy Goods,

of the latest styles of fabrics adapted to the season, together with a general assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Goods.

—ALSO:—

A LARGE STOCK OF

Crockery, China & Glass Ware, Cutlery, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c.

At their store near the Depot, will also be found a general

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

where they are also prepared to buy Cotton and Produce in general.

They are prepared to sell cheap, and respectfully invite the attention of their friends and the public generally.

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

Jan. 5 1 tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name of J. & T. J. Dunovant, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 18th inst. The notes and accounts are in the hands of T. J. Dunovant, who is authorized to transact all business connected with the establishment. As it is very desirable that the affairs of the firm be speedily closed, our friends are earnestly requested to give us a call, at as early day as possible.

J. DUNOVANT,
T. J. DUNOVANT.

Feb. 23, 1853.

Messrs. C. K. Williams and Williams Dunovant, having purchased the interest of Mr. John Dunovant in the late firm of J. & T. J. Dunovant, the business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, at the same place, under the firm of T. J. Dunovant & Co.

T. J. DUNOVANT,
C. K. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAMS DUNOVANT.

March 2 9 tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has taken the Store lately occupied by David Pinchback, and is now offering his goods for sale, for Cash, or to approved customers on time. It would be vain in him to say like some, that his Goods will be sold lower than his neighbors, and it would be troublesome to enumerate all he has for sale; but he would say this without doing injustice to any one, that his experience is as great as any merchant in the place in the selection of Goods, both as to style and durability,—and he stands pledged to trade fairly with all who may feel disposed to try him, and hopes he will be able to please all.

WM. M. McDONALD.

Feb. 2 6 tf

Commissioner's Notice.

ALL Guardians, Trustees and Committees, under the supervision of the Court of Equity for Chester District, are hereby notified to make their annual Returns, on or before the 10th day of May next, or rules will be issued against them.

JAMES HEMPHILL, c. e. c. d.

March 30, 1853. 13-6t

Bascomville Female Seminary.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, the 10th of January next, under the direction of Miss Sarah L. Hall and Miss Caroline F. Pond.

The Literary department will be conducted by Miss Hall, who is a graduate of Troy Female Seminary, N. Y., and the Music and Ornamental department by Miss Pond, who is also from Troy Seminary.

These young ladies come not only with the highest recommendations for superior scholarship, but also for energy and integrity of character.

The Trustees have taken great pains and trouble to procure *good efficient Teachers*, and they feel confident that such are secured. They would say to the public, that they expect to have one of the best Schools in Chester District; one which all parents and guardians shall love to patronize.

No pains will be spared by any of the Trustees to make this a flourishing institution and to sustain the reputation which it has heretofore received.

Good Board can be obtained in the neighborhood upon reasonable terms.

Rates of tuition the same as before.

Rates of tuition per session.

Primary Department.

Embracing Reading, Writing & Spelling, $5 00

Second Department.

Embracing all the above together with Grammar, Arithmetic & Geography . . . 6 00

First Department.

Embracing all the above together with all the higher branches of an English Education, such as Botany, Physiology, Philosophy, Natural and Mental, Chemistry, Geometry, Algebra, &c. . . . 8 00
Music upon Piano, extra . . . 18 00
Use of Piano . . . 2 00
French Language . . . 5 00
Latin Language . . . 5 00
Needle Work . . . 5 00
Drawing and Painting . . . 5 00

WM. J. HICKLIN,
Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

Dec. 29 tf

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

JUST received a fine Stock of *GOLD & SILVER WATCHES*, from Liverpool, which will be sold on very reasonable terms, by

BENNETT & LEWIS.

We would also inform our customers and the public generally, that we have employed a Silver Smith and Jeweller, who devotes his time exclusively to repairing and manufacturing Jewelry, repairing Silver Ware, Mounting Walking Canes, &c., &c.

ALSO:—Our Watch work is done as usual by an accomplished workman.

Persons of this vicinity who have been in the habit of sending their work to more distant places will please give us a trial, and we pledge equal satisfaction

Old Gold and Silver wanted.

July 7 27-tf

E. J. WEST,

SADDLE & HARNESS MAKER,

CHESTER, C. H., S. C.,

IS still engaged in the manufactory of

Saddles, Bridles, Harness,

TRUNKS, &c.,

which he will sell on as reasonable terms as articles of like quality can be had elsewhere. He uses only the best material, and his work being done under his personal supervision, he can safely warrant it to be executed in workmanlike manner. Any order with which his friends may favor him, can be filled on short notice.

REPAIRING

is done with despatch and promptness, and on reasonable terms.

May 26 tf

Fresh Burning Fluid

AND FLUID LAMPS.

JUST received a handsome assortment of Fluid Lamps. ALSO:—The best quality of Burning Fluid which we will hereafter be regularly supplied with.

DAVEGA & BENNETT.

Feb. 23 8 tf

Plow Moulds and Iron.

HENRY & GILL.

Nails and Brads.

HENRY & GILL.

Ploughs, a lot of the best construction, for sale by

J. & T. M. GRAHAM.

Jan. 5 1 tf

---

75 Bags and 80 Barrels

SUPER Country Flour, for sale by

JAMES PAGAN & CO.

March 2 9 tf

Camphine!

A QUANTITY of best quality of Camphine, just received and for sale by

HEYMAN & SHANNON.

April 13 tf

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

FOR sale by

DAVEGA & BENNETT.

Feb. 23 8 tf

2000 lbs. Pure White Lead,

Just received.

HENRY & GILL.

Linseed and Train Oils.

HENRY & GILL.

---

50 Barrels Pink Eye Potatoes.

ALSO: A fresh supply of Landreth's Garden Seeds, fresh and genuine. Just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

Fine Florida Syrup.

JUST received and for sale by

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

Bacon! Bacon!!

10,000 lbs. Prime NEW BACON for sale by

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

Business Cards.

Z. P. HERNDON. GILES J. PATTERSON

HERNDON & PATTERSON,

Attorneys at Law,

CHESTER C. H., S. C.,

WILL attend to all cases entrusted to their care, in the Districts composing the Northern Circuit.

Office in the Court House in the office of the Ordinary.

Jan. 19 4 tf

DAVEGA & BENNETT,

DEALERS IN

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, GROCERIES, MEDICINES BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, BONNETS, CROCKERY,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Jan. 26 4 tf

DENTAL OPERATIONS.

Dr. J. T. WALKER

WOULD inform the citizens of Chester and surrounding Districts that he will be found at McAfee's Hotel, on every Monday, and all public days; where he may be consulted on his profession.

N. B. He finds it impracticable to ride through the country; and operations can be better performed at his rooms.

N. B.—He would earnestly ask of all persons indebted to him that they would oblige him, by a settlement of their dues, as his necessities absolutely require him to make collections.

July 16 29-tf

DR. J. S. PRIDE,

HAVING permanently located in the Town of Chester, tenders his Professional services to its citizens and the vicinity.

OFFICE at McAFEE'S HOTEL.

May 23 25 tf

E. ELLIOTT,

SKY LIGHT

DAGUERREIAN ROOMS.

Miniatures put in neat Cases, Frames, Breast pins, Rings & Lockets, at prices to suit all classes.

ROOMS ON MAIN STREET,

Opposite Kennedy's Tin Factory.

April 16 16-tf

REEDER & DeSAUSSURE,

ADGER'S WHARF,

Charleston, S. C.

ARE prepared to devote their undivided attention to the interests of their friends in the sale of

COTTON, RICE

and PRODUCE generally; and to fill their Orders. They will make liberal advances on Consignments of produce to their care.

OSWELL REEDER. J. B. DeSAUSSURE.

Aug. 11 39 7mo

O'NEALE, BOYD & BRAWLEY,

Factors & Commission Merchants,

No. 2, Hayne & Co's Wharf,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

WM. D. O'NEALE. R. D. BOYD. H. C. BRAWLEY.

Jan. 12 2 39y

FRASER & THOMSON.

FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

ADGER'S NORTH WHARF,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

FRED'K B. FRASER. PAUL S. THOMSON.

Sept. 15 36 tf

RICE DULIN,

FACTOR & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

CENTRAL WHARF,

Charleston, S. C.

Nov. 10 45 1y

Jew David's Hebrew Plaster.

THE great remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Pain in the Side, Hip, Back, Limbs and Joints, Scrofula, King's Evil, White Swelling, Hard Tumors, Stiff Joints and all fixed pains whatever.

Where this Plaster is applied, Pain cannot exist. It has been successful in cases of weakness, such as Pain and Weakness in the Stomach, Weak Limbs, Lameness, Affection of the Lungs in their primary stages. It destroys inflammation by perspiration.

The following commendation is from an agent residing at Trenton, Tennessee:

Trenton, Gibson Co., Tennessee, Nov. 7, '48.

MESSRS. SCOVIL & MEAD—Gentlemen: The Hebrew Plaster is becoming popular in this section. There is a lady in this county who says she would not be without this Plaster for five hundred dollars a year. She was afflicted for some time with an enlargement of the spleen, which gave her a great deal of pain. The swelling and pain had extended up nearly to the armpit, and occasionally she could scarcely breathe. She was confined for a considerable time, during which she was attended by some of our best physicians, but they gave her no relief. She procured a box of the Hebrew Plaster, and it relieved her almost immediately, and now she keeps a supply of it on hand constantly. These facts you are at liberty to use as you think proper—they are substantially true.

Respectfully, yours, &c.,

JESSE J. WELLS.

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations. Dealers and purchasers generally are cautioned against buying of any but our regular agents, otherwise they will be imposed upon with a worthless article, as many base counterfeits of this Plaster are in existence.

REMEMBER!

The genuine is sold only by us, and our advertised Agents throughout the South. No Poultice is allowed to sell it. In future the genuine will have the signature of E. TAYLOR on the new steel-plate engraved label on the top of each box; to counterfeit which will be prosecuted as forgery.

SCOVIL & MEAD,
111 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Sole General Agents for the Southern States, to whom all orders and applications for agencies must be addressed. Sold by

A. P. WYLIE,
Druggist, Chester, S. C.

M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS

Have now become the great Specific for Hepatic derangement of the liver, in its most complicated forms. This medicine has done an immense amount of good in curing this fearful disease, so prevalent throughout the United States, and as evidence of its efficacy, we will state that it is superseding every other remedy. The demand for this certain cure is unprecedented. Orders for it are coming in from all quarters, and every mail brings something of the following tenor:

Gainesville, Ohio, Jan. 1853.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—We are nearly out of M'Lane's Pills. It would be well to keep us supplied, as there is a great demand for them in our place.

DARBY & CRANE.

This valuable medicine may be had at

DAVEGA & BENNETTS,
Druggists, Chester, S. C.

M'LANE'S WORM VERMIFUGE

This following order shows at once the demand for and the excellence of this great remedy for worms. Let it be published in favor of M'Lane's Vermifuge, that wherever it is needed it may be had at once.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—Please send us by the 15th inst. as M'Lane's Vermifuge as you can spare, as the article is nearly all sold. Please send us as much as you can spare, as we do not want to be without it. It is the best Vermifuge now in use.

C. P. & T. B. HUNT.

Sold by A. P. WYLIE, Druggist, Chester, S. C.
W. M. NICHOLSON & CO., Winnsboro'.
DAVEGA & BENNETTS, Chester, S. C.
And by one agent in every town in the South.

May 5 18

THE PALMETTO STANDARD.

Farmer's Department.

MELONS.

[illegible] is the proper season for planting [illegible] seeds, and as they are easily [illegible] with a little care, we hope all who [illegible] this delicious fruit—so refresh[illegible] palate during the [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

—Southern Cultivator.

[illegible]

REMEDY FOR BOTS IN HORSES.—For many years past I have used a simple remedy for bots, and almost disposed to call it "an infallible remedy," sure enough. But I can say, with truth, that I have never known it fail if administered at the commencement of the attack. Drench freely with sweet milk and molasses, (sugar or honey will do) well shaken together. Continue it, a bottle full every fifteen or twenty minutes, according to the severity of the attack, until the animal [illegible]; then give a quart bottle full of strong salt and water, followed soon after with a quart bottle of Castor oil.

It is worse than idle to give anything with the view of killing the bots in a horse. The [illegible] them off, a sweet [illegible] in the [illegible] seize upon it with avidity, and in a little while will fill themselves, increasing at least one third in size. In salt and water they will lie perfectly dormant for days together, hence the advantage of [illegible] preceding the oil. Whenever the bots attack a horse they will always be found at the neck of the throat, where a sweet drench is thrown immediately amongst them the moment it is swallowed by the horse. It is a great mistake to suppose that they are hid in some secret recess where medicine cannot reach them, and quite as great a one to suppose that a sweet drench will not divert their attention from the horse.

—Southern Cultivator.

[illegible]—A neighbor has given us the following remedy for this disease. Having a valuable animal badly affected, he first parched to a brown color a [illegible] (corn meal), to which he added a [illegible] quantity of water and an ounce of laudanum, and drenched with the mixture. This gave relief for some hours—but the disease returning, he boiled about a pound and a half, he thinks, of blackberry root with half the quantity of sweet gum twigs, in three pints of water, and added an ounce phial of [illegible]—when cool enough, gave as a [illegible] which effected a cure. In ordinary [illegible] the first tried remedy would [illegible]

[illegible]—In cultivating Indian [illegible] that "hilling" is a disad[illegible] this I became fully [illegible] years ago on contrasting [illegible] those of the opposite sys[illegible] belonging to a friend. Since then I have [illegible] a variety of experiments, and have found that the [illegible] surface [illegible] and that in all modifications [illegible] corn which is not [illegible] succeeded by [illegible] and produced more abundant corn.—[illegible]

[illegible] of carving is a very [illegible] of domestic management: [illegible] not only belongs to the [illegible] of the [illegible] is important in an economical [illegible] of meat ill carved [illegible] so many persons as it would [illegible] were properly carved. Ladies ought [illegible] to make carving a study, and should be enabled to perform the task allotted to them with sufficient skill to prevent [illegible] of the [illegible] of eager [illegible] assistance from good-natured [illegible] who probably would not present [illegible] performance.

Humorous Reading.

AN UNEASY PREDICAMENT.

We were the witness of a ludicrous incident which occurred in this city a few days since, for relating which we crave the indulgence of the gentleman directly concerned—deeming it too good a joke to be lost.

While sitting at our desk, and laboring assiduously with pen, scissors and paste, to make out a readable paper for our patrons, we were suddenly "frightened from our propriety," by the hasty entrance of a gentleman, exclaiming, "For God's sake, help me [illegible] what's the matter! I've got some dreadful thing—scorpion or tarantula—in the leg of my pantaloons! Quick—quick—help me!"

We instantly rose from our chair, half frightened ourselves. Our friend had broken in so suddenly and unexpectedly upon us and was so wonderfully agitated that we knew not whether he was indeed in his senses or not. We looked at him with a sort of surprise mixed with dread, and hardly knew whether to speak with or seize and confine him for a madman. The latter we came near attempting. There he stood, quivering and pale, with one hand tightly grasped upon a part of his pantaloons just in the hollow of the knee.

"What's the matter?" asked we, at last.

"The matter!" he exclaimed; "oh, help me! I've got something here, which just ran up my leg! Some infernal scorpion or lizard, I expect! Oh, I can't let go; I must hold it. Oh, there!" he shrieked, "I felt it move just then! Oh, these pants without straps! I'll never wear another pair open at the bottom as long as I live. Ah! I feel it again."

"Feel what?" we inquired, standing at the same time, at a respectful distance from the gentleman; for we had just been reading our Corpus Christi correspondent's letter about snakes, lizards, and tarantulas, and began to imagine some deadly insect or reptile in the leg of our friend's unmentionables, as they are sometimes called.

"I don't know what it is," answered the gentleman, "but I want to see what it is. I was just passing that pile of rubbish there, in front of your office, and felt it dart up my leg as quick as lightning"—and he clenched his hand more tightly. If it had been the neck of an anaconda, we believe he would have squeezed it to a jelly.

By this time two or three of the newsboys had come in; the clerks and packing boys hearing the outcry, stopped working, and editors and all hands stood around the sufferer with looks of mingled sympathy and alarm.

"Bring a chair, Fritz," said we, "and let the gentleman be seated."

"Oh I can't, sir," said the gentleman; "I can't bend my knee!—if I do it will bite or sting me; no, I can't sit."

"Certainly you can sit," said we; "keep your leg straight out, and we'll see what it is you have got."

"Well, let me give it one more hard squeeze; I'll crush it to death," said he and again he put the force of an iron vice upon the thing. If it had any life left, this last effort must have killed it. He then cautiously seated himself, holding out his leg as stiff and straight as a poker. A sharp knife was procured; the pants were cut open carefully, making a hole large enough to admit a hand; the gentleman put on a thick glove, and slowly inserted his hand, but he discovered nothing. We were all looking on in almost breathless silence to see the monstrous thing—whatever it might be; each ready to scamper out of harm's way should it be alive; when suddenly the gentleman became, if possible, more agitated than ever.

"By heavens!" he exclaimed "it's inside my drawers. It's alive, too, I feel it!—quick! quick!—give me the knife again!" Another incision was made—in went the gentleman's gloved hand once more, and lo! out came—*his wife's stocking!*

How the stocking ever got there we are unable to say; but there it certainly was; and such a laugh as followed, we haven't heard for many a day. Our friend, we know has told the joke himself, and must pardon us for doing so. Though this is all about a *stocking*, we assure our readers it is no *yarn*.—N. O. Picayune.

"TALKING IT OVER."—Some years ago there was a good deal of excitement among the people in a certain little town in C—— county, Vermont, on the subject of religon, and almost every man in the place was more or less awakened to a sense of his sinfulness, and made public declaration of his intention to lead a new life. Among the rest were three of the principal men of the village, (whom we will call M., B. and G.,) who being all present at one of the meetings, took part in the proceedings, to the great joy of the faithful, and much to the astonishment of "the rest of mankind" then and there assembled. M. arose first, and having made a general confession of his unworthiness, said in conclusion that he had always intended to be an honest man, but if he had wronged any one he was willing to make full restitution. B. followed, speaking in pretty much the same manner, but saying that as to restitution, if he had wronged any man, he was willing to comply with the Bible injunction, and "restore unto him four-fold." G. arose next, and spoke of his sins and wickedness in quite as strong terms as the others had done, but coming to the "restitution" clause, he remarked with a caution characteristic of himself—"If there is any man that I have defrauded, I shall be most happy to *sit down and talk it over with him*."

TIED DOWN AT HOME.—A friend of ours, living not far from Pontiac, was importuned one pleasant day lately, by his wife, to take her a sleigh riding. The gentleman, being a man of business, plead his engagements, when the wife replied with the old story, and that she must be tied down at home. The husband rejoined that if any person would furnish him with clothes to wear and enough to eat and drink, that he would be willing to be tied down at home.

A few days after, the gentleman came earlier than was his custom, and being fatigued, lay down upon the sofa and fell into a sound sleep. His wife took some cords and slyly tied his hands together, served his feet the same way and made him fast to the sofa. She then set a table, with all that the house afforded, and placed an extra suit of clothes within his reach. This done she started to pay a friend a visit. Upon her return, late in the evening, she found her subject of domestic discipline as she left him, except that he was wide awake, and very mad.

"What on earth does all this mean?" says he.

"Nothing," quietly remarked his wife "except the consummation of your earthly wishes—enough to eat, drink, and wear, and to be *tied down at home!*" That couple were seen sleigh-riding the next day.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

PRETTY GOOD.—The Western Times tells a story of a "distressed agriculturist." A farmer popped in here on Wednesday last to pay his rent, putting on a long face to correspond with the times. On entering the house he said that times being so hard he couldn't raise the money at all, and, dashing a bundle of bank notes on the table, "there," said he "that's all I can pay." The money was taken up and counted by Mr.———, the landlord, who said "why, this is twice as much as you owe!" "Dang it, give it to me again," said the farmer, "I'm dashed, if I aint took it out of the wrong pocket."

THE LAST MAN.—A Lady a few evenings ago, after having for some time attentively read Mrs. Shelley's novel, entitled "The Last Man," threw down the book and emphatically [illegible], "The Last Man! Bless me if such a thing ever were to happen what would become of the women?"

NEW SPRING SUPPLIES.
T. J. DUNOVANT & CO,

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of their friends and the public generally, to their NEW AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS, which they are now receiving. The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine their assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS!

CONSISTING OF

New Styles of Satin Striped Barege; Grenadine; Cambric Muslins; a large stock of Organdie Muslins; French Jaconet Muslins; a select assortment of rich Brocade and Cameleon Silks; and a beautiful style of Sewing-Silk SHAWLS, white & colored;

Ladies' Lace, Chip and Straw BONNETS, And Misses Bloomers; Together, with every other article of Ladies' Dress Goods.

They have also the newest styles of Gentlemen's Wear, with a fine assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

The latest styles of HATS; BOOTS & SHOES.

They are also receiving a large supply of Domestic Goods; Cutlery, Hardware; Groceries, &c., and are able to supply their customers on the most reasonable terms.

T. J. DUNOVANT, C. K. WILLIAMS, WILLIAMS DUNOVANT.

March 16 11 tf

New Spring & Summer Goods!
HEYMAN & SHANNON,

WOULD invite the public attention to their supplies of Spring and Summer Goods, which they are now daily receiving. These supplies have been purchased in New York *for Cash*, and they are enabled to offer them to their friends at *Charleston prices*. Among their stock may be found every article of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Muslins, Organdie, Jaconet and Cambric; Brocade, Cameleon and Fancy Silks; Satin-striped Bareges, of beautiful styles; Grenadines; and a variety of other new articles, rich and rare. They have also a beautiful style of

FRENCH BONNETS, with suitable Trimmings.

Gentlemen can also be furnished with every article pertaining to their wear. They have a neat article of

DRESS HATS,

Silk and Beaver; also, Campenchy and West India Hats, new and beautiful styles. Their supply of

Ready-Made Clothing.

is very heavy, embracing articles of Gentlemen's, Boys and Children's Clothing, of fashionable styles and various qualities.

In the article of Philadelphia city-made

Boots and Shoes,

they have a large supply, with a stock of Miles' best manufacture of Dress Boots. Also: Ladies' White Slippers; Ladies' Gaiters, a neat article; and all sizes of Children's Shoes;

ALSO:

Hardware, Crockery, Cutlery, Carpenters Tools; Trace Chains; Wooden Ware, Children's Carryalls.

Domestic Goods,

and a variety of articles too tedious to mention. As they are determined to sell at the lowest scale of prices, they respectfully invite the attention of purchasers.

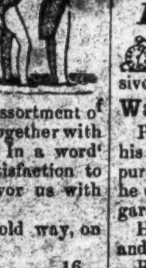
HEYMAN & SHANNON.

March 23 12 tf

TAILORING
—AND—
Ready Made Clothing.
CARROLL & FARLEY,

HAVE RECEIVED THEIR

Spring and Summer Clothing,



OF all kinds suitable for Men's and Boy's Wear; which they offer low, to make room for more. Their stock consists in part of all descriptions of Coats, Pants, Vests Cloaks, Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Collars, Undershirts, Socks, and many other things too tedious to enumerate.

They also have on hand a fine assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, together with every description of Trimmings. In a word we feel fully prepared to give satisfaction to those of our friends who may favor us with their patronage.

All kinds of work done in the old way, on short notice.

Apr. 21 16

[COMMUNICATED.

The Planters' & Mechanics' Hotel.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having recently had occasion to lodge in your town, our lot has been cast with our friend of the Planters' and Mechanics' Hotel, and we cannot omit expressing publicly our gratification at the manner in which his house is managed, and the effort he used to promote the comfort of those who call on him. We have always found his table bountifully supplied with the best fare to be found in the market, and prepared in such a manner as would delight the palate of the most fastidious. His rooms are always in good order, and well furnished. His servants are dutiful and attentive; and to crown all, the host himself is ever present to anticipate your slightest want and to render your condition as pleasant as possible. We have no where found so good accommodations; and to those who, like ourselves, are plain farmers, the *Planters & Mechanics'* is the house to be preferred. In attention to horses, a matter which we farmers look to, our friend LAYSON sees that nothing is wanting. He knows how to have them cared for, and sees that it is done.

To those of our friends who may have to lodge in Chester, we would recommend a trial of the hospitality of this House; for we believe that a better House is not to be found in the country. We make this communication unsolicited, and solely with the view to inform our friends where good quarters are to be had.

C. & S.

March 16. 11 tf

5000 lbs. Swedish Iron.

10,000 lbs. Iron, from the King's Mountain Iron Works. Just received and for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

Feb. 23 8 tf

Brawley & Alexander

ARE prepared to make liberal advances on Cotton, consigned through them to any responsible house in Charleston.

N. B. Exchange bought and sold on Charleston, Baltimore, New York, Mobile or New Orleans.

J. H. WALKER'S
King's-Mountain Hotel.
YORKVILLE, S. C.

THE Subscriber having now built, a large brick addition to his heretofore large and commodious House, situated in the heart of business, on the main street, will be prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. The whole establishment is being thoroughly re-fitted, and as no pains will be spared to furnish the table with the best of the season, he trusts by strict personal attention to the comfort of his visitors, to merit their favor.

HIS STABLES are also large and comfortable, always supplied with the best quality of Grain and Provender, with trusty and attentive 'Ostlers.

DROVERS can be accommodated with convenient lots, on reasonable terms.

An Omnibus runs regularly to and from the Railroad Depot, while the Livery Stables afford every convenience to travellers wishing to visit the several Springs, or any adjacent towns or Districts.

With the preparations he has made, and is making, the Subscriber thinks his house will prove what is so much desired by the Traveller—convenience and comfort, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Please remember "*Walker's Hotel*," when you visit Yorkville *first*, and he will endeavor to merit your recollection ever after.

Mar 30 13 3t

HOWERTON'S HOTEL.
CHESTER, S. C.

THE undersigned having leased the House formerly and favorably known as the "Kennedy House," wishes to inform the citizens of Chester, and travelling public generally, that he intends keeping

One of the best Houses,

in the up country, and earnestly solicits their patronage, guaranteeing that nothing shall be wanting, and no one shall leave dissatisfied. Gentlemen attending Courts are particularly invited to this House, as its close proximity to the Court House renders it quite convenient.

THE TABLES will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

The Bar and Oyster Saloon,

attached to the House, is kept in the most modern style by experienced men.

THE STABLES are large and commodious, and always well supplied with the best of Hay and Grain. The best of Hostlers always in attendance.

JNO. T. HOWERTON, *Proprietor.*

Dec. 8 49-tf

LIVERY STABLE NOTICE.

THE Livery Stables formerly kept by Sledge & Pagan, and lately by Foster & Pagan, will hereafter be known as

Foster's Livery and Sale Stables.

Orders for Horses, Buggies and Carriages, Draying, Omnibus to Depot, or any other business in the Livery Line, will receive prompt attention by applying to

GEO. G. FOSTER, *Proprietor.*

DROVERS can be accommodated on reasonable terms.

G. G. F. can always be found at the Howerton Hotel or at the Stable.

March 9 10 tf

VALUABLE PLANTATION FOR SALE
IN YORK DISTRICT.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his Plantation, situated on Fishing Creek, bounded by lands of Eli Moore, J Smith, Wm. Erwin and others. There are 233 acres in the Tract, 100 of which is cleared and under good fence. There is on the place a comfortable Dwelling House and all necessary out buildings, with good spring water. It is about 3 miles from the Charlotte Rail Road, and about the same distance from the King's Mountain. Persons wishing to purchase, can receive all necessary information from the subscriber, living on Lincoln road to Chester, near Joel Joiner's or by letter addressed to him, at Yorkville, S. C.

JOSEPH C. JOHNSTON.

Nov. 17 46 tf

A New Supply of
Fine Jewelry.

THE subscriber has just received direct from the North, a fine and extensive stock of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c.

Persons who may wish to purchase articles in his line, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident that he can satisfy the most fastidious, both as regards price, quality and durability.

He places his articles at the smallest profit, and must therefore exact the Cash when sold.

REPAIRING done, neatly and cheaply.

All work warranted for twelve months; and if failing to answer the purpose, will be taken back and simple satisfaction given.

H. FABIAN.

March 9 10 tf

Cotton Gins.

THE subscriber wishes to inform the Cotton Planters that he is still engaged in the manufacture of Cotton Gins, in Chesterville, and would be glad to receive a call from any who may wish to purchase. His gins are warranted to be of the most superior kind, and made of the best material, with the fire-proof box or common box, according to order. Repairing done in the best manner, at short notice.

Trashing Machines of different kinds and Wheat Fans, made and repaired.

JAMES AIKIN.

March 16 11 tf

*₊*The Yorkville Miscellany, Charlotte Whig, and Lincoln Republican, will publish 4 times and forward accounts.

Farmers Look to Your Interests!!

THE Gardner and Complete Florist; New American Gardner, by Fessenden; Smith's Productive Farming; Popular Vegetable Physiology; Treatise on the Vine; Silk Growers Guide; Downing's Fruit and Fruit Trees; Stock Raisers Manuel; Cobbett's Cottage Economy; Youatt on the Horse; Hinds' Farrier; Mason's Farrier and Stud Book, with many other valuable and useful works. Just received and for sale by

JNO. McKEE.

Dec. 1 48-tf

Superfine Flour.

SEND and get your Flour while it is low. It may be found at the store of

JAS. PAGAN & CO.

WHEAT AND CORN MILL.

THE undersigned has attached to his Mills at this place the most approved machinery for the manufacture of FLOUR, and is prepared to furnish an article of as good quality as can be had in this market.

He will grind Wheat regularly on every Thursday, and Corn as heretofore, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

N. R. EAVES.

Feb. 4, 1852. 5

37 Cents a Bushel!

200 BUSHELS choice Irish Potatoes, at the above price, for sale by

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER.

March 23 tf

FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

BROWNING & LEMAN, formerly of and successors to C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co. would respectfully call the attention of their Customers and others visiting Charleston, to their assortment of DRY GOODS now opening, which will be found more complete than has ever before been offered in that City.

All articles in their line have been manufactured expressly to order, Imported Direct, and will be warranted to prove as represented.

The ONE PRICE SYSTEM will be rigidly adhered to and purchasers may depend upon every article being priced as low as they can be procured in any City in the United States.

Particular attention is requested to their departments of

Silk and Fancy Dress Goods,

Embroiderings, Carpeting, Blankets and Plantation Woollens.

—ALSO:—

Sheetings and Shirting Linens, Table Damasks, Diapers, Towellings, Napkins, Doylies, &c.; together with every variety of

Long Cloths, Cotton Sheetings and Hostery of all kinds.

Terms CASH or City acceptance.

BROWNING & LEMAN.

209 and 211 King Street, corner of Market, Charleston, S. C.

Sept. 29 39 1y

Head-Quarters, 6th Brigade, S. C. M.
WINNSBORO', July 6, 1852.

Order No. —

THE following officers constitute the Brigade Staff, 6th Brigade, S. C. Militia, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly:

THOMAS S. MILLS, *Brigade Major*, rank of Major.—P. O., Chester, S. C.

JAMES BEATY, *Brigade Inspector*, rank of Major, P. O., Gladden's Grove, S. C.

C. D. MELTON, *Brigade Judge Advocate*, rank of Major.—P. O., Chester, S. C.

ISAAC M. AIKEN, *Brigade Paymaster*, rank of Captain.—P. O., Winnsboro'.

JOHN ROBERTSON, *Brigade Quarter-Master* rank of Captain.—P. O. Longtown, S. C.

W. D. CHISHOLM, *Aid-de-Camp*, rank of Captain.—P. O., Chester, S. C.

JNO. T. LOWRY, *Aid-de-Camp*, rank of Captain. P. O., Brattonsville, S. C.

By order of Brig'r. Gen'l.

THOS. S. MILLS, *Brigade Major.*

July 14

South Carolina.—Chester District.
IN EQUITY.

Charles B. Smith vs. Moses Cowley, *et al.* } *Petition to attach funds.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Moses Cowley, defendant in the above stated case, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is, therefore, on motion of Dawkins and Melton, Solicitors for Petitioner, Ordered, That the said defendant do plead, answer or demur to the matters set forth in the Petition in this case, within three months from the publication of this notice, otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against him.

JAMES HEMPHILL, C. E. C. D.

March 30 13 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.
IN EQUITY.

John S. Wilson, Adm'r. vs. Mary Gaston, *et al.* } *Bill to Marshal Assets.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, that David Pressley and Sarah his wife, William Storment and Jane his wife, and Isabella Feden, Jr., Defendants in the above case, are absent from and beyond the limits of the State, on motion of McAliley & McLure, Plaintiffs Solicitors, it is ordered, that the above named Defendants do appear within three months from the publication of this notice, and plead, answer or demur to the said bill of complaint, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them.

JAMES HEMPHILL, C. E. C. D.

March 30 13 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.
IN EQUITY.

Frederick Drewry, *et al.* vs. Charles Drewry, *et al.* } *Bill for Partition.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that Henderson Drewry, Thomas Drewry, John Hamilton Drewry, Lewis Drewry, and two children of Gideon Drewry, dec'd, Defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore on motion of McAliley & McLure, Comp. Sol., ordered that the said defendants do appear and plead, answer or demur, to the bill of complaint, within three months from the publication of this notice, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be entered against them.

JAMES HEMPHILL, C. E. C. D.

March 30 13 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.
IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

Thomas Barber, Daniel G. Barber, James H. Stroud and wife, *et al.* vs. Jas. B. Gilmer, *et al.*

WHEREAS, it has been shown to my satisfaction that James B. Gilmer, Administrator of the Estate of James R. Pickett, resides without the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that he do appear at the Court of Ordinary for said District, to be held at Chester C. H., on the third Monday of May next, to show cause if any he can, why the assets of the said estate should not be applied to the payment of applicant's demands.

{ L. S. } Given under my hand, and the Seal of my said office, at Chester C. H., this 4th February, 1853.

PETER WYLIE, O. C. D.

Feb. 9 6 3m

South Carolina.—Chester District.
IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

In Re. Estate of Gardiner Jamieson, Jr., dec'd.

WHEREAS, it hath been satisfactorily shewn unto me, that David Jamieson, James Jamieson, James Jamieson and wife Mary, —— Smith and wife Nancy, —— Meek and wife Sarah, —— Smith and wife Jane, —— Pond and wife Mary Ann, Robert Anderson & Sam'l. David Anderson, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered that they do appear at the Ordinary's Court for said District to be held at Chester Court House, on the second Monday in May next, to shew cause, if they can, why the proceeds of Real Estate of said Gardner Jamieson, dec'd, should not be applied to the payment of applicants' demands.

{ L. S. } Given under my hand and the Seal of my said Office, at Chester C. H., this 7th of February, 1853.

PETER WYLIE, [illegible]

Feb. 9 [illegible]

Valuable River Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale [illegible] of River Lands, situated in [illegible] District, on Catawba River, [illegible] miles below the bridge at the Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road. The Tract contains 984 acres, about 200 of which are river and creek bottoms, and about 600 woodland, well timbered. The place is well improved with two story frame dwelling, good out buildings, Gin House, &c.

The plantation is a very desirable one, and the subscriber would be pleased that any one wishing to purchase would call and examine it.

DAVID [illegible] RICE.

[illegible]

HERE IS YOUR REMEDY!

Holloway's Ointment.

A most miraculous cure of Bad Legs, after 43 years' suffering.

Extract of a letter from Mr. William Galpin, of 70 St. Mary's Street, Weymouth, dated May 15th, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY:

SIR: At the age of 18 my wife (who is now 61) caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. [illegible]

[illegible]

Signed, [illegible]

A person 70 years of age cured of a bad leg, of thirty years' standing.

Copy of a letter from Mr. William Abbs, Builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY:

SIR: I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works, [illegible]

Signed, WILLIAM ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr. W. P. England, Chemist, 13 Market Street, Huddersfield.

A Dreadful Bad Breast cured in one month.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated December 13th, 1850.

To Professor HOLLOWAY:

Dear Sir:—My wife had suffered from Bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial to her case, and fortunately I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends.

Signed, FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies, Coco-bay, Chiego-foot, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Corns (soft), Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Skin Diseases, Scurvy, Sore Heads, Tumours, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and those of the United States, in Pots at 37½ cents, 87 cents, and $1.50 cents each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs. A. B. & D. SANDS, New York, and P. M. COHEN, Charleston.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the large sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

For sale by [illegible] REEDY.

April 6 [illegible]

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N. B. L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal octavo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings. Price, in muslin binding, $6; in paper covers, for the mail, $5.

☞ This work is not the old "Book of the Farm," lately resuscitated and thrown upon the market.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine."

THE subscribers being fully [illegible] [illegible] the business [illegible] McDonald & Pinchback [illegible] [illegible] that observe this notice [illegible]